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THE DELIA TIMES

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An Independent Weekly Newspaper Published in the Interest of Delia and the Surrounding District

Vol. XIII., No. 37 | DELIA, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1931 | $1.50 Per Year. Five Cents a Copy

Farmers' Store News

Girls' Cotton Hose, per pair........................25c
Boys' Heavy Ribbed Cotton Hose........................40c, 50c, and 60c
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Bib Overalls, Pant Overalls, Work Shoes, Sox and Gloves at Farmers' Store prices
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See Display Table for real bargains in Men's Felt Hats

We are pleased to announce that we are again able to give away, absolutely FREE, a beautiful Table, finished with Utilac, the original 4-hour enamel

Lucky numbers will be available Friday, Sept. 4, and following days, and the table will be awarded FREE to holder of lucky number, Saturday, Sept. 12, at 9 p.m. No need to buy! See this table in our window, and try a can of Utilac, the beautiful, durable finish for floors, walls, woodwork and furniture.

Special Offer during Contest—1 Tin Utilac and 1 Brush, 25c.

CAR OF FRUIT to arrive about Wednesday next
ORDER EARLY! to be sure of your requirements.

Specials Friday, Saturday, and Monday:

McLaren's Bak. Powder, 12-oz........25c
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Soda Biscuits (Family)..................20c
Qu. Sealer Cider Vinegar................23c

Delia Farmers' Co-operative Association, Ltd.

Phone your Order to 39

World's Grain Show

Growing, Selection and Preparation of Grain and Seed for Exhibition

BY HERMAN TRELLE

[Copyright, 1931]

ARTICLE III

How and When To Cut a Winning Sample

At this date the writer has just returned home from a 2,500 mile circle tour of observation, taking in the length and breadth of Canada's Great Central plain agricultural area. Sizing up conditions from the worst, comprising the central south, lying mostly in Saskatchewan, and graduating to the best, which in general contour takes the shape of a gigantic crescent with its extreme tips pointing south to the American boundary and extending northward along Alberta's side of the Rocky Mountains; but by far the larger part of this promising crescent shaped crop area lies in the broad strip of partially wooded park land which extends all the way across the north of the Western Provinces. In no locality did the writer find a condition of quality productivity where winning samples for the World's Grain Show could, by good luck or little concentrated effort, fall easily into the lap of the prospective exhibitor. Even away up in the supposedly charmed land known as "The Great Peace River Country", Mother Nature is portioning out her "milk and honey" very sparingly. So, Mr Prospective World Exhibitor, we must just knuckle down to the most gigantic, and surely the most profitable and spectacular game of "hide and seek" that Mother Nature ever played with a bunch of seed growers, and see what we can find. This year, of all years, it is going to be a tricky, ticklish proposition, but the sacrificing, patient observer who sticks to his guns will be sure to win a crown for his determined efforts.

Following up the line of thought in the second article, many changes can take place in deciding the field and weather conditions which will necessitate changes in your decisions accordingly. What was looked for on the high land may be found in the hollow. What was thought to be in an open exposure you may be surprised to find in the shadow of a tree belt. (And, by the way, one must have beautiful trees if one wishes to be a consistent grower of beautiful seeds). What you thought you observed in a south or west exposure you may run into on a north or east slope. Then your choice spot may run into rain. Cheer up! The spots that are ideal just after a rain are the best. Pick more than one spot, and you are bound to hit it right in one of them.

Just watch the frosts. Herein lies your final and best chances. Beat the frosts. Study your slopes and land exposures. Observe the reactions of the different types and ages of soils. Fertilizers are not necessary. Watch the thermometer, and perhaps more the barometer. Keep a diary. See how it reads in past years under the same conditions as to time.

Look for the bright, agreeably colored choice patches in the best and upright standing fields. When the heads start stooping over too much it is a bad sign. Mark these choice places with good, plain uprights that you can see. Take note of your observations. Impurities that affect a quality breeding test should be rogued out long before hand. A quality breeding exhibitor should know all about this all important purity problem. If he does not it will be good advice to think twice before he wastes much time with a mixed conglomerated mess of a field, trusting to chance in a great Grain Show. Last moment roguing should only be in mass with the binder or mower, or sickle and scythe, or in some cases (and the best of all at times) the family butcher knife. In this quick and final mass roguing one can only improve color by cutting out the poor patches, and uniformity and plumpness by getting rid of the marginal growth, or over-size or shrunken patches. This will help so much in later preparation work.

This mass roguing should all be left until just before the final cutting of the choice patches. Plants are like human beings. A sudden change in protective clothing, along with a surprise change in weather, will bring on a cold.

The best signs to cut by: If weather conditions continue sunny and dry changes of a better sample are improved if the berry is allowed to ripen so hard that it takes considerable pressure with the thumb-nail to make a dent in the kernel. This stage will NEVER be reached until the straw is also ripe. The best possible stage, therefore, and the best sign to decide harvesting is when you make sure that both the kernel, and the head, and the straw (above the third joint from the top), are dead ripe. This stage ALWAYS comes a few hours before one can see a faint dullness in the color of the head. When this stage is reached the exhibitor obtains his best possible sample, with maximum weight and most brilliant and lasting color. When this stage passes by the head begins more and more to droop and very small spots like mildew appear on the head. Then the first signs of loss of color will appear in the kernel. This is ALWAYS to be looked for on the first morning after the head, and the kernel therein are really dead ripe. Wheat harvested soon after this dead ripe stage gives, what the writer considers, a very superior sample even though there may be a very slight sacrifice in lustre.

Oats should be cut when the head has a perfect ripe color (not necessarily the straw) and stands erect. Then examine minutely the lower kernels on the spikelets where the green tips on the seed ends should just faintly be detected. After this the color changes very quickly.

Now you are ready for the harvest. This should be done with the binder. Be sure it is dry, or best a sunny afternoon between 2 and 4 o'clock. It is then done safely and quickly. Do not make the bundles large. Tie as close to the heads as practical to hold the straw together. Figure on 60 to 100 sheaves. In case of wheat each will provide for 4 to 6½ pounds of nice grain. Oats will provide about a pound and a half lighter yield, and barley about the same as oats. It will be explained later how most the tedious work of hand-picking may be eliminated by having plenty of volume to work on.

If it is decided to leave the sheaves in the open field be sure to have ample and safe covering for protection from the night dew or sudden changes in weather. The writer never takes any chances with a beautiful and hard earned sample. He takes the sheaves into a well ventilated shed or granary, away from direct exposure, where they may be placed in open stook formation on the dry ground or floor, or if there is still danger of excess moisture evaporating from the straw, he hangs them up, heads down.

Now, Mr. Prospective Exhibitor, you may relax for a day or so, perhaps feel relieved, and thank good Mother Nature for the generous way in which she has co operated with you.

From now on you have more or less the controlling hand, but watch your step. The cat will not be in the bag until you tie the string on for the great World's Grain Exhibition next year.

Article No. 4, will deal with "Curing and Threshing a Prize Sample."

10th Fortnightly Crop Report

[Issued by the Department of Agriculture, Province of Alberta, Sept. 5, 1931.]

Wheat cutting is 90 per cent. completed in the southern part of the province and in the Peace River district. In central and northern Alberta where continued rains have delayed ripening and harvesting, not more than 50 per cent. of cutting has been done. Threshing is well advanced in the south. In the area lying south of Calgary and west of Lethbridge many summerfallows are yielding from 25 to 30 bushels per acre of high grade wheat. Yields from spring-cultivated lands are light. Threshing is in progress in the Peace River district. Yields are satisfactory, but quality has suffered from heat and drought during the ripening period. Very little frost damage is reported.

Oats and barley have ripened rapidly in the past ten days, and a considerable acreage has been cut. Yields of coarse grains will be satisfactory in all parts of the province, with the exception of the East-central and South-eastern areas.

An excellent second cutting of Alfalfa has been harvested in the irrigated districts. Sugar beets are progressing favorably, although yields will be slightly below those of last year.

Alfalfa and sweet clover seed crops give evidence of heavy yields. Potato and root crops are in satisfactory condition.

Leading Canadians to Visit Churchill

Leading figures in Canadian industrial and business life are, this week, inspecting the modern seaport at Churchill.

Approximately 300 delegates, under the auspices of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce, are "at home" on special Canadian National trains which were chartered to take the party north, prior to the convention to be held at Regina this week-end.

In addition to a brief stay at Churchill, mining, lumbering and agricultural districts along the railway to Hudson's Bay are being visited. Flin Flon and Sherridon are also features of the journey.

More rubber is produced in the British colony of Malaya than in any other country.



Save Days and Dollars on your **New Grain Truck Tires**

CALL on us, Grain Men, for those new tires your grain truck needs. Save money. Get your tires the day you order them.

Right here in our shop we've got your size in the greatest value tire ever built for grain truck service. It's the Goodyear Heavy Duty. It's a tire built for use on the roughest country in this district. It has a specially built, strong, tough Supertwist cord carcass and improved All-Weather Tread. Fully guaranteed. Get our price on your size now.

WM. GIBSON
DELIA - Alberta
Telephone 28

Put a new Goodyear Tube in every new casing.

GOODYEAR HEAVY DUTY

Calgary's Popular Priced Hotels—
HOTEL YORK
EVERYTHING NEWEST—Rates, **$2.50** and **$3**
Coffee Shop — Best Food — Lowest Prices
— Also Operating —
HOTEL ST. REGIS
RATES—**$1.50.** Baths **$2** Up. Weekly and Monthly Rates.

Announcement

Having taken over the Massey-Harris Implement Agency, I wish to announce that I am now in a position to supply everything in the Massey-Harris line of Machinery, including all repairs.

Massey-Harris Binder Twine in stock

W. D. Fitzsimmons - Phone 24

Strange Cargo Arrives in Canada

What looked more like the arrival of an up to date Noah's Ark, was the landing in Canada last week of the cargo from the scottish liner, "Athenia," from Glasgow. The shipment was made up of Kangaroos, leopards, flamingoes, owls, snakes, some odd specimens of parrakeet and many types of zebras

The shipment, in charge of the Canadian National Express Company, was destined for Toronto, where it is now shown as part of the Canadian National Exhibition.

Grain Moving To Churchill for Shipment To Europe

Initial shipments of grain from western Canada to Europe, via Churchill, commenced last week when 12 cars of No. 1 Northern wheat were shipped by Canadian National Railways from Saskatoon. This shipment was used for testing the grain handling facilities of the new 2,500,000-bushel elevator, and further shipments will go north regularly for the loading of the first ship between September 15 and 20, and of the second ship between September 20 and 25.

ECZEMA

This is a very disagreeable skin affection, and hard to treat. We make an ointment that relieves, and in many instances cures this disease. Many of our customers have told us that they have been cured after using one or two boxes, and some are sending it to friends. If you have this skin affection this ointment is worth trying. 50c. a box.

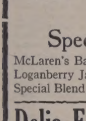
Dynamic Tonic

This is a combination of mineral salts, required for tissue building. Excellent for nervous trouble. You will get excellent results from using DYNAMIC TONIC. $1.00 a bottle.

Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil.—Our own emulsion is superior to most other preparations, as it contains full 50 per cent. pure Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, whereas others contain only 40 per cent. It is easy to take, and is a splendid builder.

50c. and $1.00 a bottle.

The Kennedy Drug Co.



BOY SCOUT NEWS

"Our Over-Night Hike To the Hand Hills."

[Written by a Boy Scout].

We started from the baker shop, each of us carry a pack of bedding for the night and food for our supper and breakfast. When we were well started we discovered that it was no easy job to walk to the hills with a heavy load on our backs. When we were almost to give up one of the Scouts, who had to ride out in a buggy on account of a bruised leg, offered to carry our packs. This gave the boys new courage, and they started to walk more cheerily.

After the hike had continued for a few miles, some of the boys ran ahead and caught on to an old Ford. These boys thought they were pretty lucky, but just as they were climbing into the car along come the rest of the Scouts, except the Scout Master and Troop Leader, in another car.

Soon we reached our destination and, as we were all hungry, we started to make our suppers.

After supper we all looked for a place to sleep, and soon each of us had a suitable place to sleep, under the stars and without shelter. We then went to the council fire and listened to a story, and watched some of the boys pass their first-class cooking test. After that we went to bed, and when we were almost asleep some of the boys started tearing our beds to pieces. In about five minutes we were wondering where the blankets were, and our camp looked like a cyclone had struck it. We got settled once more, and soon all were asleep.

When we awoke we got up and started breakfast. My partner and I were disgusted to find that our eggs had accidentally been broken the night before. However, we were not completely out of luck, as we also had taken some sausages along. But luck failed us again, for we had set them down and just as we turned around to get them a dog finished eating them. Some of the other Scouts very kindly shared their breakfast with us, for which we were very thankful. When the dishes were washed we started on our homeward journey.

Report of Cream Prices

For the week ending August 29, 1931, the following prices were reported paid by creameries per pound of butterfat in the several grades of cream, and at the points shown:—

	Special Grade	Num. One	Num. Two	Off Grade
	c.	c.	c.	c.
Medicine Hat	17	15	12	..
Cochrane	17	15	12	7
Swifts, Edmon.	17	15	12	..
Swifts, Cal.	17	15	12	..
Hanna	17	15	12	..
Coronation	17	15	12	..
Tofield	18	16	13	..
South Edmonton Creamery	18	16	13	..
City Dairy, Leth.	18	16	13	..
Jasper Dairy Ltd Edmonton	21	19	..	..
All others	16	14	11	6

OBITUARY

ISABEL BROWN SPROAT

The death of this highly esteemed lady, and old-time resident of Delia occurred on Saturday, 5th inst., at her residence on Second Ave. West, at two o'clock in the afternoon. Deceased was 75 years of age, 5 months and 5 days, and had been in declining health for some time. She and her husband were pioneers of this district, and came here when the country was first thrown open for homesteading, and have been residing in and adjacent to Delia almost ever since. At one time they lived on and worked the farm originally owned by Rev. Mr. Miller, south of town, and ultimately purchased by Alex Fletcher, the present occupant. Rev. Mr. Miller was the first minister in Delia, and used to hold services in a shack since converted into a store and owned by Mrs. McCarty on Main Street, now occupied by Frank Robinson.

Mr. and Mrs. Sproat celebrated their golden wedding a couple of years ago, and received many congratulations at the time from their numerous friends and well-wishers on their 50 years of married life.

Deceased was born in Egmondville, Ont., and was of Scotch parentage. She is survived by her husband, Geo. Sproat, and one son, Arthur, of Worcester, Sask.; two daughters, Mrs. Arthur Doty of Red Deer, and Mrs. Leslie Dunfield of Delia, Alberta.

Funeral services were held at the home and Delia United Church on Sunday afternoon, conducted by Rev. W. H. McDonald, the new pastor. The church was crowded to capacity with sympathisers and mourners, and the rev. gentleman preached an eloquent and impressive sermon. The local church choir supplied the music, led by Mr. A. S. Newcombe, with Miss Jean McDonald presiding at the organ.

During the service Mr. and Mrs. Newcombe feelingly rendered a duet.

Interment afterwards took place in Delia cemetery.

The pall-bearers were — Messrs. Alex. Fletcher, G. W. A. Harcus, Wm. Leckie, Geo. Dunfield, Henry Moore, and James Bell.

Winter Bros., Drumheller, had charge of the funeral arrangements.

The following sent floral tributes:

The Family, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Dunfield, Mr. and Mrs. E. Dunfield, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Dutton, Mrs. McDonald and Jean, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Burns, Mr. and Mrs. Benson, Mr. and Mrs. H. Moore, Miss I. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bradford, Mr. and Mrs. C. Greer, Mr. and Mrs. G. Innes, Mr. and Mrs. Fennell, Mr. and Mrs. Leckie, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sinclair, Mr. and Mrs. McCully, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Harcus, Mr. and Mrs. C. Grant, Mr. and Mrs. Newcombe, Mr. and Mrs. Stinson, Mr. and Mrs. Mason, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Howson.

Advertise in "The Times" for results

Wins Canada Rifle Honor

After 20 Years Efforts Toronto Jobless Carpenter Takes Governor-General's Award

CONNAUGHT RANGES, Ont., Aug. 15.—Sergeant Harold Ashling, unemployed carpenter, won the greatest award in Canadian rifledom today when he scored an aggregate of 248 points in the five ranges of the Governor General's match, emblematic of the finest shot in the Dominion, and fulfilling a lifetime ambition. Ashling, whose home is in Toronto, has been trying to win the Governor-General's match for twenty years. He was a member of the Canadian Bisley team in 1925.

The final stage of the match ended with many dramatic scenes. Ashling had fired his final round, and waited for the rest of the marksmen to finish. Friends huddled around him, assuring him that his phenomenal total could not be beaten, but Ashling would not admit, even to himself, that he was the winner until the final shot of the entire match had been fired.

Five men were tied for second place numerically, but were placed in the following order in the match by the "best score at longest range method"—Lt. G. F. Booth, England; Lieut. R. Sweet, Hamilton; C.S.M. G. M. Emslie, Toronto; Sgt.-Maj. R. Kiddie, Toronto; and Staff-Sgt. F. V. Sheppherd, Ottawa. It is on the basis that second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth places in the Associated Members' match will be awarded.

(NOTE.—Sergeant Ashling is an uncle of Mrs. Felix Battle, south of town).

STARLAND

We are glad to see our old friends and neighbors, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Blair and daughter Eileen, out here to spend the week-end over Labor Day.

Rainfall .... .12
Temperature, Max. ... 82°
" Min. ... 43°

We are enabled to give this report through the courtesy of Mr. Wm Adams.

The next meeting of the J.U.F.A. will be held on Saturday, Sept. 12, and not Sept. 19th, as arranged, owing to the school fair being on that date.

School was re opened on Monday, August 31st, with no absentees, the number being twenty-six. Miss M. McFadden is our teacher.

Mr. Robert Sargent, Mr. J. Lefley and Mr. T. Stephens returned from Calgary after a successful trip last week. Did they walk from Calgary —or where?

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Miller, of Calgary, visited at the home of Mrs. Miller's father, Mr. R. Hudgeon, senior, over the week-end. Mrs. Miller came out with Mr. C. E. Hudgeon on Thursday, and Mr. Miller arrived Saturday.

Messrs. Chas. E. Hudgeon, John Littlejohn, Joe Corlett, and Matt Berg motored to Calgary last week on business intent, in connection with the Soldier Lands' re-valuation.

An interesting ball game between the men and pupils took place in the school grounds on Labor Day.

MACDONALD'S
Fine Cut
Canada's Finest Cigarette Tobacco
with ZIG-ZAG papers attached

Home-Taught Fears

What has been described by one writer as "far and away the most conclusive tests of character ever made, since Adam and Eve reared Cain and Abel and made a moral success of one boy and a moral failure of the other," were the elaborate studies recently undertaken by two professors of Columbia and Yale Universities. These scientists tested the character attitudes of over 10,000 school children from eight to sixteen years old, under "normal" school and home conditions. The children did not even know they were being scientifically studied. The net result of these intricate and reliable tests was to show that among agencies in having the greatest influence in building human character, the "home" outweighed the school, the church, the Sunday School, the movies and sports all combined.

This is fact number one for parents to consider. The second in importance is where and how home influence and training makes or mars the child life within its walls. There are three phases of home life out of which are developed the emotional patterns or habits which will make boys and girls into self-reliant men and women, able to meet an imperfect world with high ideals of their own. These phases are, first, the attitude between husband and wife; second, the attitude of sisters and brothers toward each other; and third, the attitude of parents toward children.

Let us take a look at the way in which these home attitudes foster the one emotional attitude which affects our lives more than any other and extends as a sort of background through nearly all the others. This is self-confidence as opposed to fear—not fear of some special thing but a rather generalized fear of life itself.

Vast numbers of people who will face death on a moment's notice, who go through all sorts of real dangers without a quaver, have yet a sort of underlying fear of life's possibilities that seldom leaves them. It is easy to fall into these generalized fears, and there are thousands of ways in which parents actually teach this state of mind to their children. One of the amazing discoveries made by doctors during the examinations in the World War was, that so many perfectly healthy young men had all their lives been convinced that they had heart or kidney trouble or some similar malady and had feared to undertake arduous occupation for that reason. In nearly all cases their fears had been started by hearing symptoms discussed at home.

What is "fear" anyhow? Well, the scientists have done a world of work in the last thirty years on fear, and they find there are three distinct kinds. The first is natural or biological fear—the kind that preserves you from natural perils; the second is intelligent or constructive fear—the kind you get from sound, healthful education; and the third is pathological fear— destructive fear that comes from a wrong view of life, from wrong comparisons of yourself with other people, from wrong attitudes toward your job, and from telling yourself constantly you are not as important as others. As a rule there are just three people who ever tell you you are no good—your parents, your brothers or sisters, and yourself. And nine times out of ten you have begun to tell yourself you are no good because your mother, or father, or brother, or sister, in some way first destroyed your self-confidence.

For example, you hear many people assert they are naturally afraid of lightning, or burglars, or something of the sort. This is not true, because there are but two things that people are "naturally afraid of." The first is a loud noise, and the second is the sense of falling. Dr. John Watson and his students have tried in hundreds of ways to frightened babies, but these are the only two ways in which they have succeeded.

Many mothers say, "My child has always been afraid of the dark." Oh, no, the mother taught it to be afraid. She put the babe to bed and went out and slammed the door, or talked loudly, or scolded, or dropped a basin on the floor. Or, when it got a little older, the mother talked about being afraid of the dark herself, or told the child something dreadful that was likely to happen in the dark.

And it is just this way that children are taught to be afraid of life. Parents need to be taught on the many ways in which they actually teach their children to be afraid of life by shielding them from responsibility. They are missing the greatest educational opportunity this world offers when they fail to put as much responsibility on the child as he can reasonably carry just as early in life as is possible. In this way you build up habits of success instead of habits of failure, courage habits instead of habits of fearing life and dodging its responsibilities.

This has nothing contrary to the duty of teaching the children the second kind of fear—intelligent fear—which is merely teaching them good judgment in avoiding dangers and destructive habits. This kind of fear is merely the negative side of character building and should be carried through to the constructive or positive side—that is, to the development of ideals and ambitions, of goals to be reached and battles to be won. The greatest duty of parents is to fill their children's minds with the belief that they can meet these duties and battles with satisfaction and success.

When intelligent fear is carried to the point of exaggeration it becomes the third fear—diseased or pathological fear. The way out is to develop logical judgment of our own powers and those of our friends. When this is done honestly, when you think "in detail" of your own powers of body and mind and compare them with these same qualities in others, you will be astonished to find that you are superior in most respects to the very people you have taught yourself to be afraid of.

But the great lesson for parents is, that all these attitudes, both destructive and constructive, are chiefly developed in the home. And since Nature has given us but two inborn fears, and all others are learned, and since the home is the greatest agency in the world for teaching all our emotional attitudes, the very large question every family should answer is, "Are we as parents or brothers and sisters teaching ourselves and one another to meet life with fear, self-depreciation and doubt, or are we trying to be a daily inspiration to one another to meet life with the self-confidence and good cheer that calls out each one's best energies?"

The answer to these questions will have more effect on the happiness and success of every member of the family than anything that ever has been or ever will be taught in school or college.

Level Crossings

Increase In Federal Government Grant To Eliminate Danger

The Toronto Globe publishes the following special despatch from Ottawa:

A substantial increase in the Federal Government grant for the elimination of dangerous level crossings will enable the Dominion Railway Commission, the railways and the municipalities to embark on grade separation projects on a more extensive scale. From the $20,000,000 appropriation voted for unemployment relief last year, $1,000,000 was contributed toward the elimination of crossings at which fatalities had occurred. The railway grade crossing fund, administered by the railway board, is now exhausted, and it is proposed to restore it by a contribution of perhaps $2,000,000 from the Federal Treasury.

The nation responsible for most wars is recrimination.

Makes Fast Voyage

"Empress of Canada" Clips Hours Off Best Record

Clipping five hours and seventeen minutes off her best previous trans-Pacific crossing, the Canadian Pacific liner, "Empress of Canada" docked at Vancouver from Oriental ports with a good passenger list. The liner, in command of Captain L. D. Douglas, made the run between Yokohama, Japan, and William Head quarantine station, in eight days, two hours and thirty-four minutes. The record crossing of the north Pacific is held by the company's steamer "Empress of Japan," seven days, twenty hours.

Many unusual photographs have been obtained by a motion picture machine capable of taking 2,500 pictures a second.

England, one of the first, adopted the gold money standard in 1816, Germany in 1873, and the United States in 1900.

Could Not Check the Summer Complaint

A Few Doses Did It



Mrs. R. Coulter, 918-11th Ave. E., Calgary, Alta., writes:—"Last summer my youngest son was very bad with summer complaint, and everything he ate he would vomit, and he got so thin I became very much worried. I could not get the discharges checked, so I went to the druggist and he gave me a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and told me it would stop the trouble if anything would. After I had given the boy the first few doses I noticed the discharges were being checked, and it was not long before he was well again."

Evolution Of Peace

Nations Of the World Should Place Armed Forces Under Control Of League

A proposal that the nations of the world place their armed forces under the control of the League of Nations and a prediction that France would lead the way at the 1932 disarmament conference was made by Joseph Paul Boncour, foreign affairs chairman of the Chamber of Deputies, in a statement to the Associated Press.

"I mean that the council of the League of Nations when face to face with a case of proved war of aggression should be empowered under article 15 of the League Covenant to make use of them to settle a war crisis.

"Are other nations, like us, ready? Are they willing to put their permanent air, naval and land forces under the control of and at the disposition of the League of Nations? By this gesture the problem of parity might be solved."

He said that French circles yearned for perpetual peace and are growing apprehensive over next year's disarmament conference.

The statement said that in his opinion the disarmament conference would be the gravest event since the signing of the war treaties and a decisive step in the evolution of peace.

"Upon its success or failure depends the future of peace," he said. "I mean that the failure of the disarmament conference would be the signal for the re-armament of powers which under the peace treaties are subjected to special limitations."

Inasmuch as M. Paul-Boncour is acknowledged as France's greatest authority on disarmament and is certain to be one of France's chief delegates to the disarmament conference in Geneva next February, his statement was considered to be of such far-reaching importance that it will give an entirely new angle to the struggle for the reduction and limitation of armaments.

Air Mail Service To Aklavik Necessary

Paying Its Way and Must Not Be Abandoned

Whatever happens to the prairie mail that to Aklavik simply must not be abandoned. It was stated by Mr. Veniot, former postmaster-general that under the old system of delivering mail by dog teams in winter and by boat in summer, it took many weeks to reach its destination and even then the service cost the department $41,000 a year. Contracts for delivery by airplane called for only some $6,000 additional and instead of giving people of the far north mail once or twice a year they have been receiving several deliveries each winter. It was further stated that the northern air service under a two-cent rate today is paying its way and has a surplus. These facts should remove the Aklavik service from any general plan of cutting out the air mails.—Edmonton Journal.

Saskatoon Fair

Operating Loss This Year Shows Decrease Over That Of 1930

Operating loss on the 1931 Saskatoon Exhibition, including all fixed charges against the exhibition board, amounted to $18,848.43, it was announced at a meeting of the finance committee. This shows a substantial decrease over the exhibition loss in 1930.

Total attendance was 66,853, with 39,786 attending the grandstand.

In view of conditions this operating loss was considered very reasonable and the exhibition management has operated about $5,000 under the amount budgeted in 1930.

Ontario Mines

Output Shows Decrease In First Six Months Of Year

The value of Ontario mineral output for the first six months of 1931 shows a 12.04 per cent. decrease over the same period last year, the half-yearly report of the Provincial Department of Mines shows. At the same time, gold production of the province reached the record total of $20,608,196.

Production to the end of June this year amounted to $50,997,740, as compared with $58,236,562 for the corresponding period of 1930.

Externally Or Internally, It Is Good.—When applied externally by brisk rubbing, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil opens the pores and penetrates the tissue, touching the seat of the trouble and immediately affording relief. Administered internally, it will still the irritation in the throat which induces coughing and will relieve affections of the bronchial tubes and respiratory organs. Try it and be convinced.

Big Ben is to have a better home. The tower which contains the large clock at the House of Parliament in London, England, is being renovated with new facing stone, cut at the quarry to fit.

The so-called flying squirrels are really gliders, gliding from a higher to a lower point by aid of a membrane along the side of the body.

Customer—"How's your tongue sandwich?"

Waiter—"It speaks for itself, sir."

Poison ivy is a native American plant.

ACIDITY FOR 10 YEARS

Before he Found the Remedy

Many people endure suffering unnecessarily. This man did. If he had known ten years ago what he knows to-day, he would have been spared a great deal of suffering.

"I feel I must write a few lines in appreciation of your Kruschen Salts. I have suffered for 10 years from chronic acidity of the stomach. I tried nearly everything, until I was advised by a friend to try Kruschen, which I have taken for the last two months, and I am pleased to say I have had no return of the acidity."—W. B.

Kruschen Salts swiftly neutralises acid, takes all the torment out of it, and gently expels it from the system. And by stimulating your organs of elimination to perfect regular action, Kruschen will prevent this harmful acid from ever accumulating again. After that you'll experience no more misery after meals. Kruschen will keep your inside clean and serene. Pure and invigorated blood will be sent coursing to every part of your body. You'll feel wonderfully energetic and well. As healthy and hearty as it is humanly possible to feel.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

ORANGE CHEESE SALAD

4 oranges.
2 packages of Philadelphia cream cheese.
1 cup toasted cocoanut.
1 head lettuce (inside leaves).

Pare oranges and separate sections. Mash cream cheese. Make into balls and roll in toasted cocoanut. On lettuce covered salad plates, place orange sections with 2 or 3 cheese balls. Top with a spoon of mayonnaise.

TOMATO-RAISIN CONSERVE

2 quarts fresh, ripe tomatoes.
4 sour apples, peeled, cored and cubed.
2 lemons, cubed.
2 pounds sugar.
6 sticks cinnamon.
1 small piece of mace.
(Tie spices in cheese cloth bag.)

Boil all ingredients, except sugar, until a thick mass is obtained. Add sugar slowly and boil about 15 minutes or until jelly stage is reached, which is when the mass sheets from the side of the spoon. One cup of nut meats may be added to this just before removing from the fire. Pour into glasses and seal.

The Proven Asthma Remedy. Since asthma existed there has been no lack of much heralded remedies, but they have proved short lived and worthless. The ever-growing reputation of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has given it a place in the field of medicine which no other can approach. It has never been pushed by sensational methods, but has simply gone on effecting relief and making new converts.

Royal Winter Fair

Small Exhibit Of Saskatchewan Livestock Will Go To Toronto

A small but select exhibit of Saskatchewan livestock will go forward to the Royal Winter Fair, Toronto, this fall through the co-operation of Federal and Provincial Governments.

Decision to this effect, which revokes the previous decision that no exhibit should be forwarded in view of economic conditions, was reached following a conference between the executive of the Saskatchewan Livestock Board and Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture.

In agreeing to terms by which freight charges could be met, Mr. Weir urged that an exhibit of "none but the best should go forward," and offered on behalf of the Federal Government to pay 75 per cent. of the freight costs provided the Provincial Government contributed the remaining 25 per cent.

The assent of the Provincial Government to this scheme was given by Hon. W. C. Buckle, Provincial Minister of Agriculture. Feed allowances on a reduced scale will be made by the Provincial Government as in the past, and the exhibit will be managed by the provincial livestock branch.

The Provincial Government will also contribute 50 per cent. of the prize money, but honoraria will not be granted, as in former years.

Recommendations of livestock will be made by selection committees as in previous years, but stock not exhibited previously will not receive much attention.

Cunard Line Commodore

Captain Robert G. Malin was appointed commodore of the Cunard line to succeed Captain E. G. Diggle, formerly master of the "Aquitania," who is retiring. Captain Malin joined the company in 1899.

A simple machine which tests the tenderness of canned fruits and vegetables has been devised by government scientists.

Goodwill, like a good name, is got by many actions, and lost by one.

TO KEEP YOURSELF HEALTHY

The lot of most people is much indoor work and little real exercise. That's why it's sensible, every so often, to give the system a gentle, thorough cleansing with Dr. Carter's Little Liver Pills. All vegetable. 60 years in use.

25c & 75c red packages

Ask your druggist for

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Steeplejack's Narrow Escape

Clung For Two Hours To Narrow Ledge At Chimney Top

Nerves of steel and a stout heart kept 63-year-old James Kemp, steeplejack, clinging to his precarious foothold on a 10-inch ledge at the top of a 150-foot chimney until rescued — two hours after his fellow worker, Gandolfo Di Primo, 40, had plunged to death when a scaffold broke.

The two men were working at the top of the stack when the scaffolding slipped. Di Primo, seated on a plank, hurtled to earth and instant death.

While firemen, with outstretched life nets, waited for the fall that seemed almost inevitable for Kemp, another crew of rescuers attempted to fire a line over the top of the stack with a rope-gun.

The fifth shot draped a rope over the chimney top and slowly, foot by foot, Kemp hauled in the light line with a heavier rope attached. With a solid hold for him to grasp, Kemp soon drew up a second line with a small swing attached into which he stepped and was carefully let down.

Campaign Against Grasshoppers

Survey Made In Saskatchewan Indicates Necessity Of Action

As a result of a survey made of the south central section of Saskatchewan recently, H. S. Vigor, Provincial Field Crops Commissioner, forecasts the possibility that campaign against grasshoppers will have to be undertaken on a large scale. Mr. Vigor in a report states that outbreaks were reported from points within an area of approximately 10,000,000 acres, enclosed by lines stretching from the international border, near Torquay on the east, to Swift Current and Monkota on the west, thence running north to a line from Govan west 100 miles, and thence south to Torquay.

Members of the staff of the Provincial Department of Agriculture, who gained experience in the grasshopper campaigns of 1920-23, say that in some districts the grasshoppers are as numerous this year as at that time.

Modern Prison In Moscow

Established Seven Years Ago and Is Ruled By Inmates

A self-governing prison colony without guards or bars, the inmates of which decide who shall be admitted and when they shall leave, is Soviet Russia's most striking experiment in advanced penology.

Located 15 miles from Moscow the "ogpu commune" has been established seven years. Its sphere accommodates juvenile incorrigibles in general from the ages of 16 to 25. Robbery and thievery are the chief crimes represented. In the eyes of authorities these offenders are more likely than hardened criminals to respond to new methods of reformation.

There are no fixed terms of imprisonment. Inmates may apply for discharge at any time and the "general meeting," a governing body composed of all the inmates, determines the applicants' fitness for release.

Pool Sales Manager

O. Z. Buchanan Appointed Western Sales Manager With Office At Vancouver

O. Z. Buchanan, who was the first sales manager for the Alberta Wheat Pool in Vancouver, has been appointed western sales manager for the newly organized sales department of the pool with headquarters at Vancouver.

Announcement to this effect was made by R. D. Purdy, Calgary, general sales manager for the pool.

Mr. Buchanan has been with the pool since its inception in 1923, and was placed in charge of sales at Calgary when he last left here. James Gibson, who succeeded him here in 1929, has been transferred to Winnipeg to assist W. C. Folliott, recently appointed eastern sales manager.

Gives Credit To Canada

Successful Flight Due To Invaluable Co-Operation Says Lindbergh

During a courtesy call on the Canadian legation at Tokio, Col. Charles A. Lindbergh attributed his successful flight across the wilds of the northwest territory largely to the co-operation of Canadians.

"Particularly invaluable were the gasoline caches scattered through the northwest Dominion which were placed at our disposal," he told acting charge d'affaires, Kenneth Kirkwood.

"It would have been impossible for me to make such preparations this year."

Interest Counts Up

One hundred and twelve years ago, John Thorne, of New York City, opened a savings account in a local bank with a deposit of $10. Later he added another five. Neither Thorne nor his heirs ever added to this account, which is still open, but it now totals, due to interest, $3,025.99.

Four To a Man

Policeman: "I have found a case containing whisky."

Prohibition Officer: "Good, I will send a dozen customs officers to deal with it."

Policeman: "I think six men will be enough—there are only two dozen bottles in the case."

The only humming bird found in the eastern United States is the ruby-throat.

Nations Will Uphold Britain

Prestige Must Be Safeguarded Or World Will Suffer

Engrossed as we are in our own troubles in Canada, we may not realize how very serious is the situation in the Mother Country. Yet the outward signs, visible to the world, are sufficiently alarming. We may be sure, when a Labour Prime Minister must not only interrupt his own holiday but feels it necessary to call into council the leaders of the Conservative and Liberal Parties to devise emergency measures to meet an imminent crisis, that the crisis is grave and, indeed, almost desperate.

British stability is a world asset. If anything serious were to happen to the age-long leader of world finance and trade, the whole world would suffer. It is inconceivable under such circumstances that the prestige of British institutions will not be safeguarded by all the power which the leaders of finance in other nations can bring to bear. Some of them may not relish the opportunity to rush to the rescue of the Colossus of other years—but they will rush. They dare not permit anything really dangerous to occur.—Montreal Star.

Scientists Sample Arctic Sea Bottom

Interesting Report Received By Radiogram From Submarine "Nautilus"

A copyrighted radiogram from the submarine "Nautilus" to the New York American tells how scientists aboard the vessel have sampled the bottom of the Arctic Ocean 5,220 feet from the surface.

The result, says the radiogram from Capt. Sir Hubert Wilkins, commander of the North Pole submarine expedition, was a column of Arctic mud 17 inches long and one inch thick. It was "brown from the surface for 15 inches and then pale blue, representing the deposits in polar waters of hundreds of thousands or perhaps hundreds of millions of years.

Worms in children work havoc. These pests attack the tender lining of the intestines and, if left to pursue their ravages undisturbed, will ultimately perforate the wall, because these worms are of the hook variety that cling to and feed upon the interior surface. Miller's Worm Powders will not only exterminate these worms, of whatever variety, but will serve to repair the injury they have done.

Something To Crow About

Alberta Producing Half Of Western Wheat Crop This Year

Central and northern Alberta today has the best wheat crop prospect in three years.

For the first time in history, one-half of the total wheat crop of the West will be produced in Alberta.

Alberta will have the lowest cost of planting and harvesting in 20 years.

The five-cent government bonus on wheat will mean over $6,000,000 to Alberta farmers this fall.

Dairy live stock and poultry sales add another $1,000,000 each week to Alberta's farm income.

Alberta has every reason to face the future with unshaken confidence. —Edmonton Journal.

A Matter Of Taste

Canadian ice-cream is delicious but Canadian coffee "almost undrinkable," in the opinion of a group of British cadets who have been attending rifle meets in this country. The cadets said they liked Canada "immensely" and that everyone would endeavour to come back.

Butter Production

Butter production in Western Canada last year increased by 1,161,424 pounds; the total output being 47,424,201 pounds.



Truck Competition

Lowering Of Express Rates Is Not War On Truckers

That the present experiment of the express companies of Canada to meet the competition of truckers and to satisfy the demand of shippers for competitive rates was not in any sense a war with the truckers was the statement issued by T. E. McDonnell, Toronto, president and general manager of the Canadian Pacific Express Company.

Mr. McDonnell stressed the point that regulation of truck rates must eventually come, even in the interests of the truckers themselves. It was long overdue in the best interest of Canada. Presumably truck regulation was a provincial matter and provincial governments had been slow, he said, in taking effective action. The express companies had in the meantime, he added, made an effort to meet existing conditions.

Cost Of Launching a Novel

Publication Fees Usually Average Around Seven Thousand Dollars

It costs about 7,000 dollars to launch an ordinary novel. Sometimes it can be done for less, but that figure about averages publication costs, inclusive of advance publicity and advertising.

Only time book publishers are not taking really big chances of losing money is on the less spectacular books such as biographies and educational tomes. There's always enough advance sale and orders from libraries to cover costs on books of that type.

Always keep Douglas' Egyptian Liniment at hand, ready to bring immediate relief to burns, sores and felons. Stops bleeding at once. Prevents blood poisoning. Splendid for sore throat and quinsy.

Canadian Radio Owners

Licenses Issued First Four Months Of Year Numbered 452,800

Licenses were issued to 452,800 Canadian radio owners in the first four months of the present fiscal year. The radio branch of the Department of Marine issued 523,100 licenses in the 12 months ending last March.

Until the end of July, 20,927 licenses had been issued in Saskatchewan; 16,724 in Alberta, and 43,727 in British Columbia.

Vancouver followed Toronto and Montreal for high city total with 23,196.

The deepest safe diving limit for any submarine yet constructed is 450 feet.

PATENTS
A List Of "Wanted Inventions" and Full Information Sent Free On Request.
The RAMSAY Co. Dept. 167 273 BANK ST. OTTAWA, Ont.



Western Representatives:
HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

The Canada Year Book, 1931

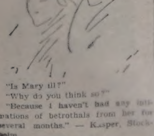
Volume Contains Latest Information Available On Canadian Conditions

The publication of the 1931 edition of the Canadian Year Book is announced by the General Statistics Branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The Year Book, which is now ready for distribution, is the official statistical annual of the resources, history, institutions and social and economic conditions of the Dominion. The present volume has been thoroughly revised throughout and includes in all its chapters the latest information available up to the date of going to press.

This 1931 issue of the Canada Year Book extends to 1,148 pages and is preceded by an introduction including a statistical summary of the progress of Canada from 1871 to 1930. There are twenty-nine chapters in the main part of the volume. The first of these deals with physiography, including geography, geology, seismology, the flora of Canada, the faunas of Canada, the natural resources of Canada and the climate and meteorology. Chapter II. is concerned with history and chronology, and Chapter III. with constitution and government, including facts relating to the recent appointments of Canadian representatives in other countries, and a special section on the League of Nations. Chapters IV., V., and VI., deal with the composition of the population as shown by the census, with vital statistics and with immigration respectively, these three together covering the great subject of demography. Chapter VII. is a general survey of production, bringing together the data from the different fields of Canadian production in such a way as to eliminate duplication of values as between different industries. Chapters VIII. to XV. inclusive discuss production in the different leading industries of the country, agriculture, forestry, the fur trade, fisheries, mines and minerals, water powers, manufactures and construction. External trade is dealt with in Chapter XVI., which includes a study of the tourist trade of Canada and the balance of international payments. Chapter XVII. treats of internal trade and has been improved by the inclusion of more comprehensive statistics on retail distribution. The various facilities for transportation and communication in Canada are discussed in Chapter XVIII., including steam railways, electric railways, express companies, roads and highways, motor vehicles, air navigation, canals, shipping and navigation, telegraphs, telephones and post office. Chapter XIX. is concerned with labour, wages and cost of living, and Chapter XX. with prices, including wholesale and retail prices of commodities, security prices, prices of services, interest rates and import and export valuations. The public finance of Canada, Dominion, provincial and municipal, is the subject of Chapter XXI., which also includes a discussion of national wealth and income and a section dealing with sales of Canadian bonds. Chapter XXII. deals with currency and banking, loan and trust companies. Chapter XXIII. with insurance and Chapter XXIV. with commercial failures. Chapters XXV. and XXVI. take up the subject of education, and public health and benevolence respectively, while Chapter XVII. is concerned with miscellaneous administration. The sources of official statistical and other information relative to Canada are given in Chapter XXVIII., together with a list of the publications of the Dominion and provincial governments. The concluding Chapter XXIX. reviews Dominion legislation of 1930, principal events of the year, Canadian books of the year and official appointments. The volume is illustrated by many maps and diagrams.

Among the more important features incorporated in the present edition are the following:—a section consisting of meteorological tables and giving monthly average temperatures and precipitation throughout Canada; sections dealing with diplomatic representation abroad, and Canada and the League of Nations; more up-to-date statistics as regards Agriculture than it has been possible to publish in other editions; details of the Census of Manufacturers for 1928 with summary for 1928; statistics of the operation of Old Age Pensions and unemployment relief; a special article on the development of the fine arts in Canada; lists of the more important Canadian books (English and French) published in 1930. The appendix contains preliminary figures on immigration and trade for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1931.

The Canada Year Book may be obtained free of charge from the Dominion Statistician, by Government Departments, public libraries, journalists and educationists.



"Is Mary ill?"
"Why do you think so?"
"Because I haven't had any intimations of betrothals from her for several months." — Kasper, Stockholm.

Adapted To Many Uses

Soya Bean Could Be Grown Profitably On Prairies

Wheat will no doubt "come back" one of these days, but the prairie farmers may have a long time to wait, and in the meantime they should embark more upon livestock and upon mixed farming than they have done hitherto. There is another branch of husbandry that suggests itself as a way out of existing difficulties. That is the growing of soya beans.

The principal source of supply of soya beans at present is Manchuria. The climate of the Canadian prairies is very similar to that of Manchuria. The bean can be cultivated and harvested by machinery, which should enable the Canadian producers to compete on favourable terms with the hand-cultivated and harvested Manchurian product.

The soya bean is adapted to many uses other than to the production of oil and oil cake. Being a legume, it is relished by cattle whether green or in the form of hay. It is valuable as a silage when used with corn or as a fertilizer when plowed under in the green condition; the oil cake, too, has desirable fertilizing qualities. The bean itself will yield oil, flour, casein and other valuable products. The oil is the most valuable feature of the bean, as it has gained an important place in industry, being used in the manufacture of many products, such as margarine, edible oils, shortenings, soaps and paints.

Railway Commission May Be Appointed

To Investigate Subject Of Transportation In Canada

The Toronto Mail and Empire publishes the following special despatch from Ottawa.

"Appointment of a royal commission with the fullest possible powers to investigate the transportation situation in Canada will be announced early in autumn. It was forecast recently in an authoritative quarter.

"The commission will be given as broad a scope as possible. It will likely go into the question of overlapping services as between the publicly owned and privately owned roads, the matter of expenditures and last but not least, the effect of bus and motor competition.

"Composition of the commission has not received any thorough consideration as yet, but realizing the importance of the work, the government is determined to get a number of outstanding men to act. They will be empowered to hold hearing in all parts of the country. Their work likely will take six months or more to complete but it is hoped that an interim report, at least, will be ready before the close of the next session of parliament."

Japanese Town Finds That Temperance Pays

People Renew Oath Not To Drink For Five Years

The little town of Kawaidani, Japan, in the silk worm district, has just taken its second oath to observe total abstinence from liquor for five years.

Celebrating the end of its first dry period of five years, the community found that its effort had paid in dollars and cents.

When the movement started the place was too poor to build a school for its children. It also had an educational debt of $14,000.

Now it has wiped out the debt and boasts a school building which cost $22,500. The town authorities report further that savings banks deposits increased by $29,000 and postal savings by $4,700 since the town went "on the wagon."

Egg Market Improving

Definite Turn For Better Now Apparent In Canada

The current issue of the Egg and Poultry Market Review, published at Ottawa, after calling attention to the definite turn for the better which is now apparent in the egg market throughout the Dominion, makes the following observation with respect to the present situation: "Since early in spring this publication has consistently pointed out the probabilities of the situation which appear now to be developing. A reduction in flocks, such as has taken place in many sections, was advised against. During recent weeks there has been an active demand for pullets, indicating that many producers are renewing faith in the egg market and are anxious to enlarge their flocks over the proportions planned for earlier in the spring."

Clerk (to the local manager of fire insurance office)—One claim has come in this morning, sir—from that newly married couple we insured last week. She's burned a whole baking of cakes.

'Planes that are not really "air" 'planes at all are used to skim along the ground in teaching beginners to fly.

Cactus plants, which have spread to many parts of the world, were originally natives of America.

Fast Railroad Trains

C.N.R. May Have Fastest Long Distance Train In World

The Canadian National Railways is destined to have the fastest long-distance train in the world, if it continues to reduce the schedule of its International Limited, between Montreal and Chicago. Already this train from Montreal as far as Toronto enjoys the distinction of being the fastest in North America for the distance, making the 334 miles in six hours, all average of 55.7 miles an hour.

West of Toronto a slower schedule obtains, but the through time to Chicago is only 17 hours 50 minutes from Montreal, an average speed for the 848-mile run of 47.3 miles an hour. This compares with the 48-mile-an-hour average maintained by the Twentieth Century Limited of the New York Central lines, on which an extra fare of $9.60 is charged for the 960-mile trip.

A reduction of only 20 minutes more in the schedule of the Canadian National's International Limited would give it the distinction of being faster than the Century — with an average speed of better than 48 miles an hour. The speeds of these trains are made possible by the introduction of the Hudson-type locomotive, a powerful and fast passenger engine, with six drivers and a "booster" capable of handling up to 18 Pullmans on fast schedule for sustained runs of 500 miles or more.—Christian Science Monitor.

A One-Sided Contest

Franklin Gulls Wipe Out Grasshopper Menace In Manitoba

Gull and grasshopper met on Manitoba soil recently in a greatly one-sided contest. Armies of Franklin gulls swept in over the north-end recently, swooped to earth and commenced to eradicate the grasshopper faster than any scheme yet put forward by science.

As residents of the district watched, the gulls went to work, quickly, systematically and fatally. The hoppers never had a chance with their inveterate enemies of the air. They were quickly pulled down into feathered throats that never seemed to tire.

The gull-hopper battle recalled the famous hopper massacre in Utah, in 1878. Faced with famine as a result of the invasion of the jumping pests which threatened to devour everything on plant and tree, Utah's populace was rescued by the gull army.

In the nick of time the Franklin gulls came to the rescue, rid the country of the 'hoppers and today, in Salt Lake City, there stands a monument to the famous bird.

Demand For Lighter Bales

Canadian Farmers Put Up Hay In Too Heavy Weight

The Seed Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture have received complaints from hay dealers that the present practice by Canadian farmers of putting up hay in bales to weights of 150 pounds or more is killing the market for Canadian baled hay. Popular demand today is for a light bale that can be easily handled by the buyer, who in most cases is a carter or truckman, who has to carry the bale on his shoulder to his feed loft. Bales weighing from 110 to 120 pounds will find a much more ready market than heavier bales.

Comet Comes and Goes

Ryves' comet, a newly-discovered wanderer of the solar system, flashed over America recently and on into outer space, probably never to return. The Washington Naval Observatory said the comet, a ball of white-hot gas, speeding at fully 100 miles per second and perhaps even faster, probably was not visible to the naked eye.

"So you and your wife share alike in the work of getting breakfast?"

"Yeah. She burns the toast and I scrape it."

MOROCCO'S RULER



Arriving at the Gare de Lyon, Paris, to attend the International Colonial Exposition, the Sultan of Morocco is pictured above with his young son. This is the first picture ever made of the monarch and his heir. They were greeted at the station by a distinguished party, including President Doumer and Premier Laval of France.

Germany Helps Farmers

Government Announces Scheme For Loaning Money On Stored Grain

Government has moved to alleviate the economic difficulties of the farmer by placing into operation a scheme for lending money on stored grain, thus slowing down the flow of grain into the market and giving the market a chance to digest current offerings.

Effective at once, farmers holding grain in excess of their needs and desiring to hang on for better prices, may store it in warehouses or on their farms under bond, the government advancing 50 per cent. of the current price by certificates negotiable for loans at four per cent. interest. Provision is made also for additional loans on a government receipt for the stored grain.

Under this plan the farmer may realize 75 to 90 per cent. of the value of his grain without putting any additional strain on the market.

Conquest Of the North

Soviet Union Claiming Huge Slice Of Polar Region

With every day the Soviet Union is becoming more Arctic-conscious. It is engaged upon a grandiose "conquest of the North," which has touched the imagination of its people.

A huge slice of the polar region, north of European and Asiatic Russia, is considered Soviet soil and the government has assumed full responsibility for exploring and exploiting that region.

The Soviets possess the "northernmost human colony" on Franz Josef Land. They have established a series of radio and meteorological stations from Wrangel's Island to Franz Josef Land.

Now an announcement has been made that the "northernmost electric station" soon will be built in the Murmansk region. Experiments are also under way for growing vegetables in the Arctic reaches of the country.

His Own Property

Joan, the city girl, went for a brief holiday in the country. After a while she became aware of a young farmer who was paying her his attentions.

One moonlight evening, as they were strolling across a meadow, they saw a cow and a calf rubbing noses.

The young man gazed longingly into the girl's eyes.

"Ah," he exclaimed poetically, "that sight makes me want to do the same!"

The girl smiled.

"All right, go ahead, then," she replied. "It's your cow, isn't it?"

DODGING REBEL BULLETS



The cameraman risked his life to take this photograph of Cuban Federal soldiers about to storm an abandoned furniture factory defended by rebel troops near Havana. The factory had been used by the insurrectionists to store arms for use in the uprising against President Machado. Shots were being exchanged even as this picture was taken.

Facts About the Octopus

Is Harmless Timid Creature and Not a Devil Fish

When Victor Hugo in his "Toilers of the Sea" luridly described a battle between a man and an octopus and Gustave Dore painted a thrilling picture of the fight, neither of them perhaps had any idea of giving future generations an entirely inaccurate conception of this harmless and even timid creature.

The octopus is not a "devil fish" by any means, with fierce, aggressive disposition; indeed, he is not a fish at all, but a near relative of the squid, the snail, and the oyster, having the soft body of a mollusk and being forced to live in the crevices of rocks for protection.

Only at night does he come forth in search of food, climbing over the rocks with his long tentacles, which can seize a crab in an instant and roll it up to his mouth as an elephant does a peanut. But, instead of only one flexible arm, the octopus has eight; and his mouth, with its pair of horny jaws, is situated at the center, in easy reach of all the arms. Not alone crabs and lobsters, but almost any other ocean inhabitant that is small enough will serve as food for an octopus.

When danger threatens, the octopus throws out a black fluid like the ink of the cuttle-fish and escapes in the darkness. He swims backwards in a series of quick jerks by drawing in water and squirting it out with sudden force, trailing his folded tentacles behind him. Anyone who has watched a young dragon-fly in the water will understand how this may be done; only the dragon-fly swims forward.

The tentacles of an octopus are covered on the under side with two rows of sucking disks, which enable him to cling to rocks and also to hold his prey. They are shaped a good deal like the rubber disks used by plumbers to unstop sinks, and are very essential to the life and happiness of their owner. The name octopus means eight-footed, referring to the number of the tentacles.

The octopus is found chiefly in the West Indies, in parts of the Pacific Ocean and in the Mediterranean Sea. The only kind occurring on the Atlantic Coast north of Cape Hatteras is a tiny bluish species with arms scarcely over two inches long.

In the Bahamas, specimens occur with arms five feet in length and weighing two or three hundred pounds, but the majority of these animals are no longer than a man's fist and can be easily kept in aquaria, where they make interesting pets, with their queer eyes and peculiar antics. In many countries they are used for food and even esteemed as a delicacy.

Odd Inventions Patented

Many Queer Articles Shown At Exhibition In Chicago

A powder puff, invented by a general and a bank lock, patented by a convict, are among the "contrary to vocation" articles at the Second International Patent Exposition in Chicago.

"It's peculiar how inventors turn their minds to things so foreign to their fields," explained Harry G. Green, sponsor of the exposition. "Perhaps it proves that human nature is contrary."

A baseball game, perfected by a bedridden woman in her sixties.

A reversible hat for women, invented by a retired cattleman.

A gymnastic appliance, invented by a seamstress.

A bookrack and telephone stand, invented by a chef.

A safety cowcatcher for locomotives, invented by an actor.

A helicopter, invented by a Pullman porter.

Horses On the Farm

Use Of Tractors Lessens Demand For Grain and Feed

A work horse consumes annually the products from about two and a half acres of fertile land. If horses and mules were being used on the farms in the same proportions as they were a few years ago there would be a heavy new demand for grain and stock feeds. One factor in the curtailment of the market for the farmer's grain and feed outputs, it should be understood, is the farmer's reduction in farm animals and substitution of them with machinery which uses oil instead of corn and oats and hay.—Post-Dispatch, Houston, Texas.

Average Wheat Yield

Threshed wheat fields in the three prairie provinces will yield an approximate average of 12 bushels to the acre, according to the weekly report on crop conditions issued here by the Canadian Bank of Commerce. Except in northern Saskatchewan, where it is expected wheat will average about 20 bushels per acre, the bank estimates yields at a dozen bushels or lower.

Gain Special Awards

Special awards of the Canadian Percheron Breeders' Association were captured at the Central Canada Exhibition Horse Show, in Ottawa, by G. T. Fraser, of Yale, Sask. He took first prize for Canadian bred stallions with his animal "Masterpiece 2nd," and then the mare "Spark Plug" won the first honours in her class.

The old rag business has learned that rayon rags are not serviceable for fine writing paper manufacture, as cotton and linen are.

Was Once Shallow River

But Glasgow Saw Possibilities In Making Clyde Navigable

The shipyards lie along the Clyde, extending almost the entire length to the Firth. There's a story in that, too. The Clyde was once a shallow river into which no big shipping could venture past its mouth.

Glasgow, seeing the possibilities of shipping importance if it could really become a port, undertook to make the stream navigable. It required years and years of dredging, but the job was done and now an excellent channel is there. But the dredging still goes on. The river is given no opportunity to fill again. Each day some of its deposits are scooped up again and carried out to sea to be washed back.

With prominence as a port came prominence as a shipbuilding centre. Many of the finest vessels that have ever graced the seas have been built and launched from these dry docks that line the river. Now only a few are under construction here and as a result there is considerable unemployment.

In the river district hundreds of idle men are to be seen, lounging about hoping against hope that this new day will bring new jobs.

"In the old days," one of them told me, "you wouldn't have been able to hear yourself think because of the din of riveting.

Canadian Ports More Popular

Canada Now Routing Overseas Trade Through Own Ports To Greater Extent

Canada is routing her overseas trade through her own ports to a greater extent every year, rather than via the United States, according to figures issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Canadian ports enjoyed approximately 83 per cent. of Canada's overseas trade in the last fiscal year, representing 97 per cent. of all overseas imports and 72.5 per cent of exports.

In 1924 United States ports enjoyed over 26 per cent. of Canada's overseas trade and Canadian ports had only 74 per cent. The fact that over 27 per cent. of Canada's overseas exports last year passed through United States ports is due to the large quantity of grain, principally wheat, which enters the United States in bond at Buffalo and other lake ports and are shipped overseas from New York and Portland, particularly in winter months.

Of Canada's overseas shipments of grain in the past fiscal year amounting to 213,510,000 bushels, slightly more than one-third passed through United States ports.

How To Make Friends

Do Not Wait For Other Fellow To Make First Move

"The best way to make a friend is to be one." If every person were to accept that as a personal suggestion and act on it what a friendly old world this would be. There are few of us who haven't formed prejudices against certain people — people we have passed on the street day after day for years. We have formed the opinion without knowing them that they are unfriendly and we make no attempt to learn whether our impressions are right or wrong. It is not unlikely that those same people have gained the same impression about us—and if we were to get acquainted with these people like as not we'd find them nice, friendly human beings. The trouble is we're always waiting for the other fellow to make the first friendly move. "The best way to make a friend is to be one." Repeat that half a dozen times a day.

The Home Newspaper

Read By Everyone and Is Welcomed On Its Merits

The home newspaper does not have to ring the door-bell. Someone is waiting for it. Every member of the household reads it, and gives a personal audience, if and when they choose, to the salesmen who speak through its advertising columns.

The lady of the house peruses the paper at such time or times as may be convenient to her; it can be set aside and consulted later. If she desires to look up a special offer which caught the eye, the copy is still at hand.

The home paper, containing the story of events in the community and abroad, together with merchandising news, is a visitor which causes no interruption of household routine and is welcomed on its merits.

Probably Would Get Them

The poet handed to the editor his latest ode.

"What have you called it?" asked the editor.

"My Birthday," responded the poet, proudly.

"Then," said the editor, "I wish you many happy 'returns'."

Relic Of Dickens' Day

A debtors' prison has been discovered in Halifax, occupied by men clapped into jail because they could not pay their debts through unemployment and other adverse conditions. We thought that sort of thing passed out of existence in Dickens' day.

Alaska is pronounced "ideal" for radio reception, distant stations being received with great clearness.

Expedition To Greenland

German Scientists Find Evidence To Substantiate Theory Of Shifting Continents

The first results of the German expedition to Greenland, originally led by the late Prof. Alfred Wegener, are now beginning to drift in and promise interesting revelations.

This expedition, which was financed by the "Research Association of German Science," started out in April of last year and spent the entire winter in Greenland.

One of the most interesting discoveries which was telegraphed by expedition members to Berlin a few days ago is that the ice in center Greenland 3,000 meters high has a thickness of 2,700 meters at about 9,000 feet.

As a comparison it might be stated that the biggest glacier in Switzerland is only 300 meters thick. The figure of 2,700 meters is considered here as confirming Professor Wegener's theory of shifting continents.

Professor Wegener always maintained that the continents of the earth do not rest on a firm foundation but swim on a soft mass. Greenland is encircled by mountains which form a wreath of rock around the pile of ice in the center.

That this pile should reach down to almost 3,000 meters is regarded as proof that the ice weighed down the solid rock so that a cross section of Greenland resembles a bowl filled with ice. The rock foundation could only give way if it rests on a layer having a swampy nature.

The theory is that Greenland was once a solid mass of rock and that the heavy load of ice creeping up on it pressed down the center.

The opposite process is noticed in Scandinavia, according to defenders of the Wegener theory. Scandinavia has risen six meters in past centuries and is still rising gradually.

This is attributed to the melting of thick layers of ice which accumulated there during the ice age, and which weighed Scandinavia down. In Greenland, too, ice is beginning to melt and thus one will see in future years whether Greenland rises.

Another argument in favour of the Wegener theory is that Greenland, according to Danish discoveries, moves 36 meters every year toward the west, and that the American and European continents are said to be drifting apart.

Much important meteorological research work was carried out which may enable long-term weather forecasts, but the members of the expedition explain that their observations must first be compared with those made elsewhere before definite conclusions can be drawn.

First Police Fort In B.C..

Stone Cairn Erected At Historic Fort Steele

In the rising mountains of south-east British Columbia — almost due south of Calgary — a rugged stone cairn marks the site of the first Northwest Mounted Police Fort in British Columbia. Bronze-tableted and surrounded by an iron fence, the cairn was unveiled recently by Lady Steele.

Inscription on the tablet reads: "The first North West Mounted Police Fort in British Columbia was built in 1887 by Superintendent Sam Steele (afterwards Major-General Sir Samuel Benfield Steele, K.C., M.G., M.V.O.) with Inspectors Z. T. Wood, C. F. A. Huot, Surgeon F. H. Powell and the men of 'D' Division. The presence of this famous force acting under the able and tactful command of Steele secured peace and order in the country at a critical time."

To Educate Natives

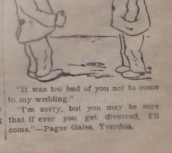
The Oblate Fathers and Sisters of the Order of the Holy Names of Jesus and Mary of Quebec Province, have decided to assist in the education of Bantu natives in Basutoland, Africa, and ten missionaries will sail from Montreal to take up their new work. Another ten missionaries will sail soon from Capetown for Basutoland.

Millions For Relief

Montreal proposes to spend approximately $6,000,000 for unemployment this winter. Of this sum, it was stated at the city hall, the Dominion and Quebec Governments will be asked to contribute half of the total or one quarter each.

Tractors, combines and accessories purchased by Soviet Russia in this country in 1930 had a total value of $64,927,480.

A famous author says he has never hurt a fly in his life. We generally miss, too.



"It was too bad of you not to come to my wedding."

"I'm sorry, but you may be sure that if ever you get divorced, I'll come."—Pages Gaies, Yverdon.



Brown: "Do you know, I'm losing my memory. It's worrying me to death."

Jones (sympathetically): "Never mind, old man. Forget all about it."—The London Opinion.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Fraulein Marga von Etzdorf, German air woman, landed at Haneda aerodrome, Tokio, to complete a solo flight from Berlin in 12 days.

An order for approximately 750 cars of this year's British Columbia pilchard oil has been placed with three firms in British Columbia by Messrs. Proctor and Gamble of Ivorydale, Ohio.

Since the opening of the Panama Canal in August, 1914, tolls collected have totalled more than $250,000,000, and the cargo passed through the canal aggregated 300,000,000 tons.

Sir Hall Caine, noted British novelist, died, August 31, at Greba Castle, his home in Douglas, Isle of Man, where he had been seriously ill for some time. He was suffering from a heart ailment. He was 78 years old.

South Africa was Canada's best customer for automobiles during the month of July, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. South Africa's purchases totalled $117,160.

Nancy Lady Astor, first woman to take a seat in the British Parliament, may be threatened with an Independent Conservative challenge from her constituency at the next general election.

A. E. Milne, the field telegrapher who in March, 1918, dispatched Marshal Haig's historic message, "Our backs are to the wall," died while on vacation at Kirkwall, Orkney Islands. He was 51 years of age and a resident of Manchester.

Total amount invested by Canada in all canal systems throughout the Dominion is $233,608,586, Hon. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways, stated in the House of Commons. Annual revenue from these systems is $536,-727.

The title of Celery King of the United States and Canada has been awarded to James Little, St. Catharines, Ontario, district farmer. According to word received from Cincinnati, Ohio, wehere an international fair was held.

To Prevent Gas Wastage

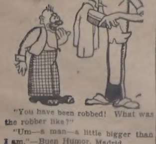
Conservation Problem In Turner Valley Oil Field Now Well Advanced

F. P. Fisher, the Ohio oil expert who has been engaged by the Alberta Government to enquire into the conservation problem in the Turner Valley oil and gas fields, is now well advanced in the preliminaries of his work, making a thorough survey of the situation with a view to working out a definite and adequate plan for preventing wastage and for properly controlling the flow from present and prospective wells.

The Triple Alliance

Thirty-six years ago Joseph Chamberlain said that with an Anglo-Saxon Alliance of America, England, and Germany there could be no more war. He was right, as he was about tariffs; but in both policies he was ahead of his time. Before the twentieth century is much older we may witness the realization of both.

Leisure is sweet to those who have earned it, but burdensome to those who get it for nothing.



"You have been robbed! What was the robber like?"

"Um—a man—a little bigger than I am."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

SEPTEMBER 13

MISSIONARY EXPERIENCES

Golden Text: "Blessed are they that have been persecuted for righteousness sake; for theirs is the kingdom of heaven."—Matthew 5.10.

Lesson: Acts 14; Ephesians 6.10-20.
Devotional Reading: Isaiah 50.4-9.

Explanations and Comments

Paul Cures a Cripple At Lystra, verses 8.11.—There is no mention of a synagogue here at Lystra; probably there was none, the Jews not being very numerous. Seeking a place of public resort where they might preach, Paul and Barnabas probably chose the marketplace. Here was a cripple, who, in all likelihood, was brought each day by his friends and left at the same place to beg, just as the lame man cured by Peter was left at the Gate Beautiful, Acts 3.2. Professor Ramsay notes the marked emphasis put upon this man's physical incapacity — "impotent in his feet," "a cripple from his mother's womb," "who never had walked," the three phrases which, like the beats of a hammer, compel the reader's attention.

This cripple heard Paul speak. The tense of the verb in Greek suggests repeatedly; on several occasions Paul had preached and the cripple near by had listened and had come to accept the truth. It may be that Paul told how Christ had performed many wonderful cures in other places, and the hope thus aroused in the cripple's heart began to manifest itself in his face so that Paul, fastening his eyes upon him and seeing that he had faith to be made whole, stopped his sermon, to say, with a loud voice, "Stand upright on thy feet." The cripple leaped up and walked.

Hailed As God, verses 11-13. — This miracle of healing electrified the whole city. Some one raised the cry, "The gods are come down to us in the likeness of men," and it was taken up by the crowd, and repeated in their native dialect, the speech of Lycaonia. And they called Paul "Mercury," and, probably because of his more commanding presence, they called Barnabas "Jupiter."

The Multitude Restrained From Their Purpose, verses 14-18.—It may have been the singing of the worshippers gathering before their abode that brought Paul and Barnabas forth. As soon as they became aware of the purpose of the crowd, "horror-stricken, and with garments rent to show by sign as well as by words their repudiation of such worship, they sprang into the midst of the crowd that they might put an end to the delusion of the people."

"Men!" they now cried (as Moffatt's translation forcibly expresses it), "what is this you are doing? We are but human—with natures like your own. The gospel which we are preaching to you is to turn from such futile ways, to the living God!" Then Paul preached his first recorded sermon to pagans.

The Attempt To Kill Paul, verses 19, 20.—This incident did not help the work of Paul. "The people went home shamefaced, feeling that they had made fools of themselves. Their mood was a hotbed for suspicion. If these men were not gods, then they healed the cripple by the power of the Evil One."

News had reached the jealous Jews of Pisidian, Antioch, who had driven the apostles from their city, that they were preaching at Lystra. With other hostile Jews from Iconium they came to Lystra, and easily persuaded the people there to turn against Paul.

The fickle crowd proceeded to stone Paul and to drag him outside the city supposing him to be dead. In the catalogue of his sufferings which Paul gives in 2 Cor. 11.25, he says, "once I was stoned," and it may be that among "the marks of the Lord Jesus" which he bore in his body (Gal. 6.17), were the scars left by this attack. As the disciples stood around the unconscious Paul—his work had not been in vain, after all, for there were Christian disciples now in Lystra, Christians brave enough to defend him—Paul arose and went back into the city. His ability even to stand, after such cruel stoning, seems quite as much a miracle as had the cripple's standing on his feet. He was able the next day to go on with Barnabas to Derbe, several hours distant.

Queer Thing To Steal

Because tombstones attracted him, Juan Valadez must spend nine months in jail. He was found guilty of stealing tombstones from the municipal cemetery in Juarez, opposite El Paso, in Mexico.

"I don't know why I took them," Valadez said.

"You can think it over nine months," said the court.

The name quebracho, given to the world's heaviest wood, means "axe breaker."

For World Peace

Viscount Cecil Believes Disarmament Would Cure Unemployment

Disarmament is the most effective means of curing the unemployment ills of the world, Viscount Cecil of Chelwood, said in an interview with the United Press.

Viscount Cecil, better known as Sir Robert Cecil, is a veteran in the campaign for international peace and disarmament. He is one of the most ardent supporters of the League of Nations as a means for preserving peace among nations.

"The world is suffering from a want of confidence," he said. "Disarmament, huge capital would be released. If business men throughout the world were quite confident they might count on 50 years of uninterrupted peace, they would regain their courage, begin new undertakings, and develop their present business.

"I have not the least doubt that if we could effect large economy in armaments, huge capital would be released for other and much more remunerative business. Disarmament is equally desirable from any way it is regarded. Any money spent for armament is more than thrown away, economically speaking?"

Viscount Cecil admitted the possibility that a sudden decrease in the building of armaments would throw many people out of work, but added that the best that could be hoped for was a gradual reduction, which would enable armament firms to change from building war material to peaceful pursuit. This change, he said, would be for the greater benefit of the world industrial outlook.

"I believe that the United States attitude that it is not desirable to grant financial facilities which will permit preparations for war is fully appreciated in Europe," he said. "At any rate, Britain largely sympathizes with such an attitude."

Asked if Britain resented reports that the United States would insist on armament reduction if she granted further loans, Viscount Cecil replied: "I think President Hoover's line is quite sound."

Montreal Port

British Engineer Speaks Highly Of Efficiency Of Grain Handling Facilities

High praise for Montreal as a grain handling port was forthcoming recently from a noted authority.

"I think Montreal has the most efficient grain handling facilities of any port of the world," Sir Alexander Gibb, British engineer and expert on the construction and administration of ports, said following a four-hour inspection of the harbour. During that time he saw grain discharged from lake steamers, and from railway cars by the mechanical unloaders and the shakers. He followed the grain through the elevators, walking along miles of conveyors, and saw it loaded into ocean liners for carriage to some foreign port.

Vital Statistics

Reduction Of Deaths and Marriages Shown For Month Of July

According to a bulletin issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, births registered in July in 54 cities of Canada numbered 7,384; deaths, 3,-627, and marriages, 2,748, as compared with 7,748 births, 3,628 deaths, and 3,174 marriages in July last year, a practically identical figure for deaths and reductions of 4½ per cent. and 13 per cent. in births and marriages respectively.

For the seven months January-July, births showed a decrease of 2 per cent., deaths 4½ per cent., and marriages 11 per cent. from the corresponding seven months of 1930.

The Girl—"I should think you'd feel as happy as a king when you're in the air."

Aviator—"Happier! I'm an ace."

Museums in the United States have doubled in number since 1906.



LADIES' AND MISSES' APRON

Ladies' and Misses' apron, having panel front and laid in plaits at sides. Tie-strings that tie in a bow at back are joined to extensions on front of apron. Five pieces.

Small, medium, large.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No.......... Size.........

....

Name ....

....

Town ....

Pension Courts

Tribunals Are Sometimes Unfair It Is Claimed

Pensions tribunals were at times unfair in their hearing of pension claims of war veterans, it was charged at the Ontario Provincial Convention of the Canadian Legion held at Oshawa. In some cases war veterans had been subjected to indignities by pension advocates, it was declared.

A special committee was appointed to hear any complaints which delegates might wish to make concerning pension administration. The convention was unanimously of the opinion that existing pension legislation in Canada was the best to be found in any country, but delegates were convinced that some improvements might be made in administration.

"Now, Janet," said mother, "I don't want you to say you don't like soup when we have company Sunday."

"All right," promised the little girl, "I'll just push it away from my plate as if I didn't see it."

Why is snow easier to understand than any other sort of weather? Because it is the only one of which you can see the drift.

Washington, N.C., has the distinction of being the first town named after George Washington.

New Musical Instrument

Radio Grafted To Piano Is Latest Invention From Germany

The radio has been grafted on the piano to set the music world agog.

Melody lovers are awaiting the arrival in the United States of a new, five-fold instrument, an invention which has just been announced in Germany.

It looks like a grand piano, says its New York sponsors, but is in reality a piano, spinet, radio, harmonium and phonograph.

It is so small and light, they declare, that two men could easily carry it into Carnegie Hall, where its music would fill the edifice. Many concert pianos require eight men to move.

Dr. Alexander Russell, merchant-musician, who is helping arrange its introduction into the United States, said it is four feet, seven inches long and is played like a piano. It has no sounding board, however, and where the ordinary piano has three strings, it has only two, which are struck by exceptionally tiny hammers.

The strings spread out fanlike from the bridge in groups of five and at the point where each group crosses the bridge, there is a small microphone. The sound enters the microphone, is amplified, and issues from a loud speaker.

When the foot is off the left pedal, said Dr. Russell, the instrument emits a spinet or harpsichord sound. As the pedal is pressed, the sounds become those of a piano and can be amplified sufficiently for a concert in the open air. A touch on a lever releases dampers, with the result that the instrument sounds like a harmonium, or small reed organ.

Declared Legally Dead

French Girl Cannot Be Married Until Case Cleared Up

Mlle. Helene Arnouvel, 23, wanted to post her wedding bans, but the registrar refused her request because she is "legally dead" and therefore cannot enter into wedlock.

Three years ago Mlle. Arnouvel, a cashier in a dairy shop in the Champs Elysees district, disappeared, leaving a note saying she was going to commit suicide as her accounts were not in order. Later a body was found in the Seine and her mother identified it.

The body was buried, her mother put flowers on the grave every week and mourned her daughter until a relative recognized Mlle. Arnouvel at work in another dairy shop at Herblay. She returned home and was forgiven. She became engaged and the wedding date was set, only to encounter legal obstacles.

A court judgment officially resurrecting the girl will be sought, but it will require several months to clear up the case.

Trans-Canada Highway

Route Has Been Designated For Prairie Provinces

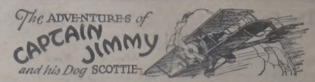
Number One Highway, which traverses Saskatchewan from east to west, entering the province at Fleming on the east and passing through Regina, Moose Jaw, Swift Current and Maple Creek, has been designated as the Saskatchewan section of the proposed Trans-Canada Highway.

Announcement to this effect was made by Hon. A. C. Stewart, Minister of Highways, who added that later at least one or two other highways across the province would be designated as Trans-Canada Highways.

The route of the Alberta section of the proposed Trans-Canada Highway will be by way of Medicine Hat, Calgary and Banff, it was announced by Hon. O. L. McPherson, Minister of Public works.

Details remaining to be settled as to the ultimate standard to which the road will be brought will be discussed with Dominion officials in the near future.

In ancient times, miners split rock by kindling fire against it and then throwing water on the hot rock.



WHAT CAME BEFORE: Captain Jimmy is forced down on a deserted island while flying General Lu from China to Japan. They find no game, so decide to try their luck at fishing.

Early the next morning we kindled a huge bonfire on the bald peak of the island, and piled on plenty wet grass to make smoke. If any ship passed within miles, it would be sure to see our signal.



All day we gathered wood and piled it near, so we could make a big bright fire through the night. The interpreter and I went down to the shore to fish.

Taking a pin from my coat I made a rough fish hook. This I fastened to the end of a long cord, and cutting off a corner of General Lu's bright colored cloak, we had a home-made, but attractive fish-bait.

The interpreter begged for a chance to try his luck and I let him go first. We selected a little sandy cove, where the tides cut a deep hole between two rocks. At high tide the water formed a clear, round pool, shallow at the edge, but rapidly sloping down until the bottom disappeared among the green shadows.

The interpreter waded out to his waist, then dropped his bait into the pool. General Lu and I sat lazily on the shore and watched him. Suddenly he gave a quick yank—his pole bent almost double. A great silver fish leaped high in the air, and the battle was on.

General Lu sat still as a mummy, but I fought that fish all over again. Several times it rose to the surface and came down with a grand splash. Then we could see it scooting along just a few inches below water,—straight toward it's captor.

went the fish, bowling him over and tangling his legs in the line. Then both fish and Chinese submerged out of sight. A tremendous fuss and splashing began, after which the Chinese arose, dripping, with his prize clasped tightly in his arms.

The pair looked too funny for words. I began to laugh, when the General gave a sharp exclamation and pointed to the entrance of the cove.

For an instant I froze with dread. A sinister black fin, clove the smooth surface of the water like an arrow, rushing straight toward the unsuspecting Chinese. With a yell I grasped a short sword which General Lu still wore at his side, and plunged into the water between the rushing black fin and Hsu Fu.

The shark turned and made for me instead. The water reached my belt—too high for quick action. I waited for the one chance I knew would come. The shark turned on his back and opened his huge mouth to grab me, while row after row of gleaming teeth, sharp as razors, glittered menacingly.

I dodged to one side, and lunged at his smooth white stomach with my sword. In my excitement I only scratched him, and he turned again, mad as a whole nest of bumblebees. Murder shone in his little pig eyes as he rushed into the fight.

This time I drove my sword straight down his throat. With a great whirl and a splash he closed his teeth on the blade and darted out of the cove, leaving a thin red line in the water after him.

Meanwhile the Chinese rushed for the beach yelling strange sounding things at the top of his voice, and the beautiful silver fish swam slowly out to sea, with a reproachful look on its face, and a contemptuous wiggle of its tail. "Fine lot you know about fishing" it seemed to say.



After that General Lu was quite huffy about the loss of his sword. Soon the sun sank into the sea like a great golden ball, and we made a hugh bright fire up on the rock to attract any ships that might pass in the night.

(To Be Continued.)

NOTE:—Any of our young readers writing to "Captain Jimmy" 2010 Star Building, Toronto, will receive signed photo of Captain Jimmy, free.

Borden's Chocolate Malted Milk

The health-giving, delicious drink for children and grown-ups. - - - Pound and half pound tins at your grocers

After Twenty Years' Blindness

New Orleans Man Thrilled With All the Modern Sights

With his sight restored by an operation at Charity Hospital, Joseph Forsythe, 71-year-old sugar cane planter, viewed his surroundings with all the thrill and expectancy of a Rip Van Winkle, after twenty years of blindness.

"The streets, the automobiles, the girls—they're all so much different," he said.

Foremost among the things he wants to see is a movie, and Marlene Dietrich is the star he wants most to see.

"Country folks didn't get to see movies much before I went blind and I never saw one. They say this Marlene girl is dandy.

"I want to read some newspapers, too. The folks have been reading them to me, all right, but mostly politics and such stuff. I want to read about Al Capone and television.

"The girls are a lot prettier and I like the clothes they wear now.

"These automobiles don't look like no kin to a 1911 Ford either. I reckon I can just go on looking the rest of my life and never get tired.

"Guess I'll have to live to be more than 100 to do and see all I've planned to since they told me I might get my eyes again."

Getting After Business

People Who Grasp Every Opportunity Are Likely To Succeed

If business doesn't come your way go after it. That seems to be sensible advice, especially at this time when things are more or less at a standstill.

A barber in Eastern Canada who was unable to obtain regular employment at his occupation decided to look after rural needs. Farmers, he argued, engaged at the harvest are knee-deep in work and too busy to drive to town for a haircut. Other members of the family would have to wait for the same reason. The barber arranged to call at their homes, so he flung his tonsorial kit over his shoulder, mounted his bicycle and visited farm homes after the day's work was done. On some occasions he found his trips worth while. Also an unemployed upholsterer, travelling through country districts was able to secure a job here and there repairing couches, etc.

Individuals of that calibre are bound to succeed.

Backing Another World Flight

Oklahoma City Oil Man Has Another 'Plane Ready For Trip

A new round-the-world flight to start from Oklahoma City next May or June was announced at Cleveland, Ohio, by Florence C. Hall, Oklahoma City oil man, who backed the flight of Wiley Post and Harold Gatty this summer.

A duplicate of the Winnie Mae, which Post and Gatty flew, will be piloted by Frank Hoover, of Oklahoma City, said Hall. He said the navigator had not yet been chosen. The 'plane has made a top speed of 218, while the top speed of the Post and Gatty ship was 210.

Nervous Best Man (proposing the toast of the bridesmaids): "I wish to propose the health of the bridesmaids and to express the hope that in the near future they will be taking the place of the bride."

Fifteen thousand letters were carried by the first 'plane to fly from Central Africa to England in the new air mail service.

Depression Has Not Affected Some Lines

Tobacco, Bathing Suit, and Fishing Tackle Industries Report Big Sales

The ill wind of depression is rolling up good-sized profits for more than one American industry.

Cigarette makers and bathing suits, fishing tackle and small arms and ammunition manufacturers, for instance, report to the Department of Commerce that sales this year exceed even those of the years when a depression was something to read about in the history books.

Wags say cigarette consumption increased because the country is trying to be nonchalant.

But a Commerce Department statistician suggests that many working men who could not smoke on their jobs have plenty of time for it now. Most opinion however, is that the gain rests on the fact that tobacco for many is the cheapest of pleasures.

As for bathing suits, families that used to pack off to Europe, or tour the National Parks, or visit big resorts are going to the old swimming holes it is believed.

Certainly steamship bookings have been drastically curtailed and the attendance at National Parks has slumped. But at least one bathing suit manufacturer reports larger profits than before.

Larger sales of fishing tackle and arms are not so easily explained. Increased leisure may be a factor, but officials believe in some places the search for fish and game is inspired by a real necessity of cutting down food bills and a desire to make a little money from the sale of pelts.

Rural Education

Pressing Problems Are Stressed By Saskatchewan Speaker

Some of the more pressing problems of present-day rural education in Saskatchewan were dealt with by A. R. Brown, director of rural education for Saskatchewan, addressing the Lions Club at Regina.

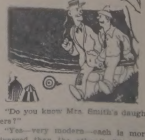
He referred to a new curriculum which was being brought into effect and which would greatly simplify matters for both teachers and pupils. About 75 per cent. of present-day high school education was valueless, Mr. Brown said.

Another problem which was being overcome was better supervision of rural teachers. Many were girls just out of normal with no previous teaching experience.

Fertilizers For Prairie Provinces

In the first half of the current year the Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company turned out 2,500 tons of fertilizers, the bulk of which was shipped to various points in the Prairie Provinces.

Playing radios at the tops of their voices, so to aspeak, has been declared a "health menace" by the noise abatement commission in New York.



"Do you know Mrs. Smith's daughters?"

"Yes—very modern—each is more divorced than the other."—Muskete Vienna.

PIPER WINS DISTINCTION



The distinction of having piped before two reigning Siamese monarchs went to Piper William Campbell, of New Westminster, B.C., after King Prajadhipok, incognito as Prince Sukhodaya, officially opened the Banff Highland Gathering on Thursday, August 27, at Banff Springs Hotel. In 1894, when King Chuldalongkorn, of Siam, father of the present Siamese ruler, visited England, Piper "Willie" Campbell was special piper to Her Majesty Queen Victoria and in that capacity accompanied the two sovereigns wherever they went. In the picture (right) which appeared in the London Graphic of 1894, King Chuldalongkorn is shown with Queen Victoria. Piper Campbell is in the left of the same picture. On the extreme left he is shown photographed at Banff, where he has attended the annual Highland Gatherings since their inauguration.

Ideal Of Disarmament Sacrifices Security Of Britain, Says Jellicoe

Toronto, Ont. — Great Britain's cruiser and destroyer strength is becoming "totally inadequate," Admiral of the Fleet, Earl Jellicoe, asserted here. Speaking at a dinner held by the Navy League of Canada, Lord Jellicoe gave warning that the security provided by the British fleet has been sacrificed for the ideal of disarmament.

"We have set an example in disarmament which no other nation has followed," he declared. "We have not only dropped our navy, but done nothing for our coast fortifications. The example may be laudable, but involves the greatest possible risks. We all hope the will to war has gone. But the will to fight has not gone from this world. One has only to look at such things as general strikes to understand that."

Introduced by Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, former Prime Minister of Canada, who said that Canada cannot escape its responsibility to play a part in naval defence, the duty being the same as it was in war years, Lord Jellicoe carefully traced British naval policy since the Great War. In 1920 he had submitted a report on Canada's needs for naval defence, based entirely on conditions obtaining in 1919, when the British fleet was supreme. In 1921, he said, the report had been "capsized" at the Washington conference, when Great Britain agreed to naval parity with the United States.

"At Geneva," said the admiral of the fleet, "we thought the total for cruiser and destroyer tonnage suggested to us by the United States was totally inadequate. We considered, then and now, that we cannot safely have less than 70 cruisers." Yet it now appeared, he continued, that in 1936 Great Britain would have less than 50.

The position of Great Britain on the sea is unique, Lord Jellicoe emphasized. "Japan is not so dependent on sea communications. Neither is the United States. Cutting off our sea communications," he declared, in slow, deliberate words, "would mean the starvation of our people in about a month."

He had stressed this fact at Geneva in 1927, said the admiral. An American admiral had then replied that the United States was in a similar position. "I asked him in what direction," Lord Jellicoe went on with a smile, "and he said, 'Manganese,' I told him the American people had never eaten manganese."

At London, Lord Jellicoe continued, Great Britain had agreed to accept a limit of 50 cruisers until 1936. "There are many of us who regret that decision," he declared.

Politicians, he declared, were conscious of the mistake; Rt. Hon. David Lloyd George had said 12 years ago, "the sea is our life," and Rt. Hon. J. Ramsay MacDonald had said more recently, "the sea is us!" The admiral added: "But I'm afraid governments don't always live up to what is thought necessary."

It was unwise to use cruisers until they had been in service 20 years, said Lord Jellicoe. The British Government was doing this, although many of the cruisers had been built under wartime stress and seen war service, making their efficiency questionable.

He considered 16 years the limit.

Asks People To Maintain Peace

Gandhi Appeals For No Violence While He Is Away

S.S. Rajputana.—Mahatma Gandhi, voyaging through the Arabian Sea on the way to the second round-table conference in London, appealed to the Indian people to be peaceful while he was away.

"Now that I am drawing away from India's shores," he said, "let me appeal to the Indian people to preserve absolutely a non-violent atmosphere during my absence.

Siamese Rulers On Way Home

Banff, Alberta.—Their Majesties Prince and Princess Sukhodaya, King and Queen of Siam, who have spent nearly three weeks in the Canadian Rockies, have left in their special train for the Pacific Coast. The King and Queen will sail for home on the "Empress of Canada," on September 12, embarking at Victoria, B.C.

Requires Aid From Ottawa

The Pas, Man. — Premier John Bracken told The Pas Board of Trade that the province is unable to meet the entire cost of the Mafeking Highway, but that if The Pas can persuade the Federal Government to guarantee 50 per cent. of the cost of the road, work on it would start the next day.

Christening Ceremony

Montreal, Ont.—Christening of the infant son of Their Excellencies the Governor-General of Canada and Lady Bessborough will take place in St. Bartholomew's Church, Ottawa, on September 22. Official announcement to this effect was made at "Ravenscrag," temporary residence of Their Excellencies here.

Woman Delegate From Canada

Mrs. McWilliams Of Winnipeg To Attend Conference In China

Winnipeg, Man.—The only woman delegate from the Dominion, Mrs. R. F. McWilliams, Winnipeg, has been appointed by the Canadian Institute of International Relations to attend the conference of the institute in Hangchow, China, October 21 to November 4.

Vice-president of the International Federation of University Women, Mrs. McWilliams is well known throughout the Dominion for her writings on international politics. She attended the Geneva Conference of the International Labour Office last year as representative of the Canadian Government in an advisory capacity.

Second Ship To Churchill

Will Pick Up 7,000 Tons Of Grain For Shipment To Europe

Montreal, Que.—The stout steamer "Warkworth" sailed from Montreal, September 1, for Churchill, Canada's new grain port on Hudson Bay, to pick up 7,000 tons of grain as an experimental shipment to Europe. The S.S. Farnworth sailed August 28, from Newcastle-on-Tyne for Churchill.

The "Farnworth" is expected to reach the port about September 12, with the "Warkworth" due about two days later. With but little ice in Hudson Bay, conditions appear to be favourable for the experiment, according to local shipping men.

British Films

May Erect Chain Of Theatres In Canada To Show Pictures

Toronto, Ont.—British motion picture producers would find their way into the Canadian market regardless of the attitude of the Canadian motion picture industry, declared F. W. Fields, of Montreal, British Trade Commissioner in Canada, addressing a meeting under the auspices of the National Council of Women at the Canadian National Exhibition here.

If Canadian theatre owners were not more friendly to British pictures he predicted the erection of a chain of British theatres to show films from that country here.

New Freight Tariff Protested

Calgary Board Of Trade Draws Attention To New Ruling

Calgary, Alberta.—Protest to the Board of Railway Commissioners at Ottawa over the filing of a new tariff by railway companies which would make shippers pay freight on dead or crippled animals was made by the Board of Trade here.

The board claimed that a double charge could be made under the new tariff, but railway officials replied that the tariff had been in effect in Ontario for a year and no complaints raised.

E.P. Ranch Takes Prizes

Scored Heavily At Victoria, B.C., In Shorthorn Cattle Class

Victoria, B.C.—H.R.H. the Prince of Wales scored heavily in prize awards at the Victoria Exhibition. Entered only in the Shorthorn cattle class the "E.P." ranch, of High River, Alberta, captured the grand champion pennant and reserve, senior champion cow, junior champion cow, nine additional firsts, one second, three thirds and a fourth to make almost a clear sweep of the class in which the cattle competed.

Buried In Old Churchyard

Body Of Sir Hall Caine Rests On Island He Loved

Douglas, Isle of Man.—The burial of Sir Hall Caine, eminent novelist who died at an advanced age, took place on Sept. 5, interment being in the Maughold churchyard, one of the oldest churchyards on the island that Hall Caine loved. It is asserted that Maughold churchyard is the spot where Saint Patrick landed in the fourth century.

Soporific Books

Dean Inge Would Have Doctors Prescribe Books For Insomnia

London, England.—Doctors should prescribe books by certain authors as a cure for insomnia, suggested Dean Inge, of St. Paul's, at the Library Association Convention here.

"I have often found my wife sleeping peacefully with one of my books upside down on her knee," Dean Inge said.

Fails In Channel Swim

Cape Gris Nez, France.—After only two hours in the water, the German swimmer, Fraulein Annie Weyner, who started in an attempt to swim the English Channel, abandoned the effort shortly after midnight.

Young Wins Swim Marathon

Toronto Swimmer Defeats Field Of 180 Contestants

Toronto.—George Young, Toronto, who for years has sought vindication, found it today. Meeting Lake Ontario when the lake was at its cruelest, Young defied it. He smashed through cold, cold waters for 15 miles to win the world's professional swimming championship, $10,000 in cash and vindication in the eyes of Toronto's citizenry. In the last gruelling drive, he crossed the finish line shortly after 7 o'clock, swam perhaps 20 feet farther, then collapsed. The lake had its way in the end—but not before George had proved beyond all doubt his superiority over a field of 180 contestants who started one of the cruelest, most brutal grinds in the history of swimming.

Young was leading by nearly a mile at the finish line, and all talk of his being a "front runner," the boy who quit under pressure, was set at rest by his performance. Gone, too, are the cutting and untrue remarks that the Catalina victory of 1927 was a "fluke."

The prize winners were:

George Young, Toronto, first, $10,000.

Bill Goll, New York, second, $2,500.

Warren Anderson, Sydney, N.S., third, $1,000.

And these were the only swimmers to finish the ordeal.

SUPPORT ASKED BY BALDWIN FOR THE NEW CABINET

London, England.—Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, leader of the Conservative Party and president of the council in the new three-party government, appealed to every Conservative member of parliament to support the emergency cabinet's financial legislation.

"The forthcoming session is to be one of the most critical in our history," Mr. Baldwin said in a letter sent to all of his parliamentary followers. "I beg of you at whatever personal sacrifice, to be present on the appointed days and to give your consistent support to the government to enable them to pass the necessary financial legislation.

"Failure to do your duty throughout this crisis would be dishonourable to us as a party and disastrous to the national interests."

The Conservative leader's appeal was issued as the cabinet continued its battle to balance the budget. After a three-hour session it was announced, the ministers had completed their labors in connection with the economy section of the national plan and that their forthcoming deliberations would be mainly concerned with the financial question—that is, new taxes.

Stress was placed on the great progress made, and officials generally were optimistic that the new government has excellent prospects of "pulling England out of the hole" without visiting unusual sacrifices on the already over-burdened population.

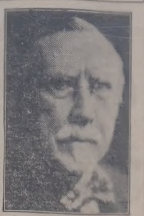
It was believed a vote of confidence would be sought almost at the opening of the House or at least after two days' debate on certain resolutions which must precede the budgetary proposals of the Government.

The Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen adopted a resolution repudiating the new government and urging the adoption of a definite Socialist policy by the Trade Union Congress and the Labor Party "with a view of changing the present credit system of the nation and combatting the power of capitalist financiers, both national and international."

Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, secretary for the Dominions, who resigned from his official position with the National Union of Railwaymen before being dismissed, was angry when he heard that the organization had voted against giving him his pension.

"It's cruel, harsh and vindictive," he said. "It's not the railwaymen I knew."

CELEBRATES BIRTHDAY



Sir George Foster, member of the Canadian Senate, who celebrated his 84th birthday on September 3. He is the last survivor of any of Sir John A. MacDonald's Cabinets in the wider Dominion sphere.

Market For Wheat In China

Our Surplus Wheat Would Save Thousands Of Chinese Now Starving

Montreal, Que.—Canada's surplus wheat in elevators throughout the Dominion would save the lives of thousands of Chinese now starving in the areas flooded by the Yantse River and possibly be the means of furnishing a future outlet for Canadian wheat that would prove of great benefit to this country. Wong Han, prominent member of the Montreal Chinese colony, stated here.

He thought that there was an excellent market for the hard wheat of Canada in his homeland. "The Chinese," he explained, "will never eat bread to any great extent, as it is a food absolutely foreign to them and would require cooking equipment not found in the average Chinese home. Canadian wheat, however," he went on, "could be used freely in the preparation of Chinese dishes, such as the making of dumplings and noodles, and its use for this purpose would take millions of bushels of Canadian wheat yearly."

Economic Situation

Solution Of Difficulty May Lay In Shortening Of Working Hours

Saskatoon, Sask.—Solution of the present situation lay perhaps in shortening of working hours while maintaining the present standard of living, stated Hon. Howard McConnell, Provincial Treasurer, when speaking to a local service club. Mr. McConnell dealt with the economic situation generally and stressed the need of great economy in the province. He predicted that revenue this year would fall far short of requirements, laying the blame for this largely at the door of the agricultural situation in the south of this province.

General Disarmament

Legion Believes War Should Have No Place In Civilized World

Niagara Falls, Ont.—Reaffirming their belief that war has or should have no place in a civilized world and approving the campaign of the League of Nations Society in Canada to advance the cause of general disarmament, delegates to the Canadian Legion Convention unanimously passed a resolution to that effect. The resolution was qualified, however, as follows: "This resolution of approval is not, however, to be taken as approving of disarmament by individual nations, and expresses the opinion that it is the duty of Canada to maintain adequate defence forces."

Communistic Activities

Drumheller, Alberta.—Coal mine operators of the Drumheller field have been asked by Red Deer Valley unit No. 90 of the Army and Navy Veterans in Canada, to make careful selection of employees because of Communist activities in the district.

GRAND CHAMPION



Holding the record maintained in all showings at the Canadian Pacific Exhibition, Vancouver, the Strathmore herd from the Canadian Pacific Railway's supply farm in Alberta proved unbeatable in the bull classes. "Gano Paul Bruce," awarded senior and grand championship for bulls at Vancouver, adds another red ribbon to his decorations from this season's major exhibitions. "Gano Paul Bruce" holds three firsts and the grand championship from Calgary, Saskatoon and Regina, and took second place at Edmonton. His record in 1930 made him first prize aged bull in Holstein classes at Vancouver, Victoria, Spokane International, Washington State Fair, Yakima; Interstate Fair, Puyallop, and Pacific International, Portland. Also in 1930 he claimed the grand championship at Spokane, Yakima and Puyallop. He goes now, with other Strathmore Farm exhibits to the north Pacific Coast fairs..

An Epochal Event

Minister Of Railways May Witness First Grain Shipment From Churchill

Ottawa, Ont.—Hon. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals, may witness the first grain shipments to move from Churchill over the Hudson Bay route.

Arrangements have been rushed to permit two cargoes of wheat to be shipped about September 15 for Great Britain. Dr. Manion has not decided definitely whether he would be present but, in any case, several high officials of the Department of Railways and Canals will make the journey.

Cut Off From Relief

Over 300 In Calgary Refused To Accept Harvest Work

Calgary, Alberta.—More than 300 single unemployed men have been cut off from relief in Calgary because they refused to accept harvesting work, Mayor Andy Davidson declared that this order will stand until farm orders are filled or until there is not one single man on relief.

Farmers had driven up to one labour bureau, offering to drive the men right to the fields, but a number refused to accept the farm positions. "We are not going to stand for any foolishness," the mayor concluded.

Costs Can Be Reduced

Finding Of Conference On Production Expenses Of Wheat

Calgary, Alberta.—Wheat producers attending conference here with a view to cutting down production expenses closed their sessions with the decision that costs can be reduced, and wheat will continue to be for many years to come the basic western crop.

The conference formed the second part of a two-day program, the first being field trials and tests of farm machinery at the Midnapore Hanch of Senator Patrick Burns.

LEGION OPPOSED TO LEGALIZING SWEEPSTAKES

Niagara Falls, Ont.—The Dominion convention of the Canadian Legion expressed itself as opposed to the idea of legalizing sweepstakes in Canada. The convention adopted, with only one dissenting voice, a report of a special committee, advocating that no steps be taken for a change of the law regarding sweepstakes. The committee urged that the Dominion command be instructed to oppose, now and in the future, any attempts to alter this law.

It was also recommended that the proffered gift of $57,023 from the Army and Navy Veterans' Association of Canada, which, it was claimed, was wholly derived from sweepstakes, be returned forthwith to the donors.

The claim of an Alberta delegate that many branches in that province would be in open rebellion if the report was adopted was not heeded by other delegates. The Alberta man claimed if sweepstakes were legalized the legion ought to participate in them. Rev. E. R. Adye of Whitby, Ont., declared if the branches were ready to rebel because they could not have such a way of raising money, the legion would be better off without them.

Imperial war veterans were given consideration in a series of resolutions presented to the convention and given the approval of the gathering. One resolution urged that Imperial ex-service men resident in Canada for three years or more, be entitled to the benefits of the War Veterans' Allowance act and all social legislation in the way of relief to war veterans. It was also asked that men who had been transferred to the Imperial Army from the Canadian Army be given the same consideration as Canadian ex-service men.

Appointment by the British Government in each province of the Dominion, of a representative of the British Ministry of Pensions was urged by the convention.

A comprehensive and detailed report, reviewing the activities of the Canadian Legion since the last Dominion Convention at Regina, in November, 1929, was presented Wednesday morning, September 2, by Major J. R. Bowler, Dominion general secretary.

During the year from July, 1930, to July, 1931, the report shows 1,269 major pensions were recorded, while some 3,000 cases other than pension were recorded.

The report reviewed its activities in securing new pensions legislation, and the War Veterans' Allowance Act. Figures quoted in the report show that up to August 17, 1931, 7,654 applications for war veterans' allowance had been received, and that of these, 3,195 had been approved, and 3,700 declined, while 393 applicants were considered ineligible and 48 were withdrawn.

Vancouver was selected for the next annual convention of the Canadian Legion British Empire Service League, at the concluding session of the convention here. The Pacific Coast city defeated Ottawa and Port Arthur for the honour. The date of the 1932 gathering has not yet been decided.

Believes Constitutional Questions Should Be Decided In Canada

Duty On Magazines

Customs Tariff Now In Effect Affecting American Publications

Ottawa, Ont.—Nearly 450 periodicals are contained in the partial list, issued by the Department of National Revenue here, of magazines upon which a customs tariff will be imposed as from this date.

The department makes it clear that the list is not complete, and that a further list will be issued "when the necessary information is furnished to the department by publishers of other periodical publications."

Three sections and two sub-sections of the customs tariff—148B to 184D inclusive—are applicable to all magazines imported into Canada from foreign countries, for such publications from Great Britain and other parts of the British Empire are not affected, nor is there any provision for the imposition of a duty on the periodical publications issuing from trade treaty countries.

The list covers United States magazines exclusively. A number of those of the short story type are boosted in price, by reason of the new tax, to a cost that may cause their total disappearance from Canadian news stands. These came within the classification of "periodicals or newspapers consisting largely of fiction, etc."

Scientific publications, religious magazines and others devoted to comment on public and cultural affairs, and to travel and exploration, which carry articles of an educational character are listed free.

Governor-General Presided

Opened Convention Of Canadian Bar Association At Murray Bay

Montreal, Que. — His Excellency, Lord Bessborough, Governor-General of Canada, left Montreal on board the S.S. Tadoussac for Murray Bay, where he presided at the opening of the Canadian Bar Association Convention. His Excellency was accompanied by his son, Viscount Duncannon, and A. F. Lascelles.

As the vice-regal party boarded the steamer, the Governor-General's flag was unfurled at the masthead, the S.S. Tadoussac thus having the honour of being the first steamer in the lower St. Lawrence to fly the emblem of the King's representative.

Visiting Mountie Posts

New Commissioner Has Left Ottawa On Inspection Tour

Ottawa, Ont.—Western divisions of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police are to be visited this month for the first time by their new commissioner, Major-General J. H. MacBrien. He has left on a tour of inspection that will take him to Winnipeg, Regina, Lethbridge, Edmonton, Prince Albert, Vancouver and Victoria. Major MacBrien was recently appointed successor to Col. Cortlandt Starnes.

Welfare Of Workers

Moscow, Russia.—Addressing the general conference of Moscow engineers, V. Kuybyshev, chairman of the state planning commission, declared that Soviet Russia, having virtually achieved its aim to industrialize the nation in less than five years, intends in 1932 to devote more attention to the welfare of workers and peasants.

Murray Bay, Que.—Too many bankruptcies are entered into lightly in Canada and without proper regard for the interest of creditors, the council of the Canadian Bar Association reported at the three-day convention which opened in the Manoir Richelieu here.

Sir Francois Lemieux, 80-year-old chief justice of the province of Quebec, presided over a luncheon and paid tribute in his address to the work of the late Sir James Aikens, former lieutenant-governor of Manitoba, for the association and the country generally.

All constitutional disputes arising within the Dominion should go to the supreme court of Canada, in the view of Louis St. Laurent, K.C., retiring president of the Canadian Bar Association, who delivered the presidential address at the opening of the association's convention.

If the decisions of the supreme court in these cases were allowed to become a final decision they should be looked upon as a binding authority both on that court and on the privy council in all future similar cases.

"That," Mr. St. Laurent declared in uttering an opinion to which he committed no one but himself, "would be a first step in making our supreme court really supreme. I am confident that with such a ruling many constitutional questions would be finally determined here, whilst there would remain open to the Dominion and the provinces as autonomous and independent governments in their respective spheres, a further tribunal quite as satisfactory and as expeditious and in every way as convenient, as one which might be set up under the resolution of the imperial conference of 1930."

Mr. St. Laurent's consideration arose out of his treatment of the proposed statute of Westminster.

"There is without doubt, a growing feeling in Canada that at least in ordinary disputes between private parties, final decision should be arrived at in our own courts," the president continued.

Wheat Shipment At Churchill

Workmen Cheer When First Train Load Of Wheat Arrives

Churchill.—The dream of 50 years of western Canada was realized when 24 cars of No. 1 Northern wheat arrived at this bay port en route to European markets. This is the first wheat ever to come over the Hudson Bay rails into the 2,500,000 bushel wheat elevator.

All the workmen for Carter-Halls-Aldinger, and the Department of Railway and canals were present when the epoch-making event took place. Eskimos and Indians, only dimly realizing the significance of the event, were present in large numbers. When it was definitely learned the wheat was the principal part of the cargo, cheers arose from the groups of workmen and the engineer blew loud blasts in answer.

Ontario Highway Section

Toronto, Ont.—Premier Henry announced that work on the two sections of the Trans-Canada Highway for Ontario's unemployed, will start October 1. While September 1 was previously given as the starting date, definite plans for operation of work camps are still being formulated.

Harvesting Operations Reported As Progressing Very Satisfactorily

Ottawa, Ont.—Harvesting of seasonal crops has progressed satisfactorily in all parts of Canada during the past two weeks, says the Dominion Bureau of Statistics in its crop report.

On conditions in the prairie provinces, the report points out that harvesting of wheat has progressed satisfactorily. Operations were delayed somewhat by rainfall. Although delaying harvesting a few days the rains were however, very beneficial in improving the feed and pasture situation, especially in Manitoba.

Heavy damage has been done by hail at several points in Saskatchewan and Alberta, but no new developments in the root situation were reported.

In Ontario the weather has been good for harvesting and yields are generally satisfactory. Favourable weather in British Columbia has accelerated harvesting. The quality of fruits and vegetables is generally good. Harvesting of cereals is practically completed in Quebec.

The detailed review of crop conditions follows, in part: During the past week Manitoba received substantial rains which have delayed harvesting operations for the time being. The rainfall, however, was urgently needed to improve the pasture and feed situation. Approximately 90 per cent. of the wheat crop is cut and some threshing is completed in southern districts. A light frost was reported but only slight damage is evident.

"In Saskatchewan approximately 70 per cent. of the wheat crop is now cut and threshing is under way in some areas. Feed crops and pastures will benefit from the rains received, and late crops will progress if not damaged by frost.

"Cutting in Alberta is well advanced in southern districts and is now general in central and northern areas. Rains have delayed operations in the central and northern areas, where crops are heavy, and damage may result if further rains are received before harvesting is completed.

"Cutting of grains is practically completed on Vancouver Island and southern mainland, while harvesting is becoming general in northern area. Wealthy apples, peaches, pears, cantaloupes and vegetables are being shipped in volume and the quality of these crops is generally good.

"The following hail reports were received from correspondents in Saskatchewan and Alberta:

"Widespread damage done to crops as a result of storm of August 26 at Estevan, Arcola, Carlyle, Alida, Wauchope, Redvers and Maryfield in Saskatchewan.

"Hail claims received from Didsbury, Crossfield, Michichi, Delia, Hanna, Richdale, heavy damage at most points in Alberta."

Gulf Stream Is Extending And Cold Arctic Waters Receding Much Farther North

Discovery that the Gulf Stream has increased in extent to an unusual degree this year has been made by investigators on the United States patrol boat "General Green," which has been engaged for four months in exploration work in northern waters.

The explorers, including Commander Ricketts and Mr. Olaf Mosby, formerly associated with Dr. Fridjof Nansen in oceanographic work in Norway, further discovered that, owing to the exceptionally high temperatures, the cold arctic waters had receded much farther north. Remarkably few icebergs were seen. Encroachment of the Gulf Stream upon the western slope of the Newfoundland banks was found between the forty-first and forty-second parallels to longitude 46 west, then turning sharply north and making another encroachment toward the eastern slope. Temperature at one point in the area was 20 degrees higher than last year.

The "General Green" expedition started north in July to study ocean currents, salinity, temperatures at various depths and the ice drift between Newfoundland banks and waters as far north as Hudson Strait. Records of temperatures and salinity at various depths were taken at 122 stations and 2,000 soundings made in many areas between Labrador and Greenland never previously surveyed. No field of ice was encountered on the Labrador Coast, and only 90 icebergs were found in Hudson Strait.

Two hundred icebergs were sighted on the Greenland Coast while anchored against the Ivagatut Glacier. Three members of the Courtauld expedition, surveying the Greenland ice cap, arrived on board. They were Mr. James M. Scott, Mr. Andrew Stephenson, and Lieut. Martin Lindsay. All had travelled 400 miles afoot over the ice caps. They had made exceptional time and were in excellent condition. Commander Ricketts, beyond stating that fine weather had been encountered, that the crew had enjoyed the best of health, and that the programme had been completed, was reticent regarding details of work as first reports must be made to headquarters.

Profitable Fruit Season

Australia Obtained High Prices For Record Crop

The fresh fruit export season, this year, will long be remembered by growers throughout Australia as the most profitable they have ever had. The quantity was a record and the relatively high prices obtained were enhanced by the rate of exchange for the transfer of money to Australia.

More than 3,500,000 bushels of apples and pears were exported, practically all going to Great Britain and the continent.

Despite its long journey across the world the fruit carried well, due to good selection, expert refrigeration and the development by Australian orchardists of good carrying types of fruit.

Endeavours are being made to cultivate the Canadian market particularly for oranges.

Alberta Wool

Opportunity For Development Of Woollen Industry Is Pointed Out

Splendid opportunities exist in Alberta for the development of a woollen industry for the processing of native-grown wool, in the opinion of Dr. Thomas Oliver, editor of the Scotch Tweed Journal and member of the staff of the Scottish Woollen Technical College at Galashiels, who was a recent visitor to Calgary. Alberta wool grades are among the best in their class in the world, he pointed out.

Maple Sugar Production

Maple sugar and maple syrup produced in Canada in the spring of 1931 had an estimated value of $3,537,700, of which the former accounted for $930,800 and the latter $2,606,900. There were 5,484,100 pounds of maple sugar produced and 1,314,700 gallons of maple syrup, the Province of Quebec leading by a wide margin and followed by Ontario.

The Bishop of London, Dr. Winnington Ingram, who is 72, recently played a hockey match, and scored three goals.

A method of reducing the luster of cellulose acetate rayon has been discovered.



"Why don't you stop applauding? The singer's going to sing again."

"Well, as long as I applaud she can't start singing again."—Lustige Kolner Zeitung, Cologne.

W. N. U. 1906

Reveal Rich Deposits

Valuable Mineral Discovery Is Made At Peers, Alberta

The mushers have been hurrying to the west as government authorities announced assays from the mining development west of Edmonton revealed rich deposits.

The spirit of the Yukon days was on as those who follow the illusive trail of precious ore trekked to the McLeod development west of Edmonton, where gold, silver and platinum have been found in paying quantities.

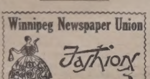
The Dominion Department of Mines announced that assays had shown high grade silver, an assay of 29.8 cents per cubic yard of coarse and flake gold and heavy traces of white metal of the platinum group. The platinum deposits are exceedingly valuable.

The discovery on the McLeod River at Peers, Alberta, was made in the gravel just under the surface. Government officials say the location is ideal for placer development.

Making More Butter

Report To August First Shows Increase Over Last Year

As the current year progresses the market report of the Dominion Dairy and Cold Storage Branch makes it increasingly apparent that butter fat is being sent to the market in the form of butter to a greater extent this year than for some time past. Receipts at Montreal for butter up to August 1st this year, were 369,327 packages, as compared with 242,963 packages the preceding year. Cheese receipts totalled 386,373 boxes for the same period, as compared with 452,934 boxes for the preceding year. Butter exports continue to show a decided increase, the total to August 1, 1931, being 76,658, as compared with 2,504 last year for the same period.



By Annette



THE JACKET DRESS PROVES ITSELF

The jacket suit of plain or printed flat crepe or light weight woollen holds a prominent place in the new mode.

No wonder for its popularity. It is so thoroughly comfortable, chic and practical.

The simulated tuck-in blouse is youthful in this crepy woollen suit with crepe silk blouse. The scalloped collar and jabot frill are softly flattering. The hips of the comfortably full flaring skirt are snugly fitted with a shaped yoke.

Style No. 623 is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust. The 36-inch size requires 4⅛ yards of 39-inch material with 1⅞ yards of 39-inch contrasting.

Red and white printed crepe silk with white crepe blouse is refreshingly youthful.

Light navy blue flat crepe with white is exceedingly smart.

Tweed mixtures, jersey, shantung and linen also suitable.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No.......... Size.........

....

Name ....

....

Town ....

Employment In Canada

Pronounced Increase Is Indicated In Prairie Provinces

Employment in Canada at the beginning of August showed a further upward movement, according to statements tabulated by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics from 7,878 firms, whose payrolls aggregated 956,238 persons, as compared with 943,419 on July 1.

The index number stood at 105.2, compared with 103.8 on July 1, 1931, and 118.8, 127.8, 119.3, 110.5, 105.5, 97.5, 95.8, 101.4, 94.2 and 90.0 on August 1, 1930, 1929, 1928, 1927, 1926, 1925, 1924, 1923, 1922 and 1921, respectively. The employers making returns therefore reported smaller payrolls than at the beginning of August in the preceding four years, but the index of employment was practically the same as in 1926, and was higher than in the five years, 1921-1925.

Construction reported a very large gain, chiefly due to important works undertaken for the relief of unemployment in Saskatchewan, the tendency was also favourable in mining, communications, transportation and services. On the other hand, logging continued seasonally quiet, and there were also losses in manufacturing and trade.

Greater activity was shown in the prairie provinces: employment declined in Quebec, Ontario and the Maritime Provinces, while very little general change was indicated in British Columbia.

A very pronounced increase in employment was indicated in the prairie provinces, where 1,162 employers reported 156,504 workers, or 24,561 more than at the beginning of July. This increase, which was the largest ever reported in the prairie provinces, was almost entirely due to road work undertaken for relief of unemployment in Saskatchewan. Services and telephones also showed moderate improvement, but manufacturing, transportation and building construction were slacker. Smaller gains had been reported on August 1, 1930, and the index then was rather lower than on the date under review.

Woman Makes Good In Business

Quits Job and Later Becomes President Of Large Company

Refused a $1 week raise 28 years ago, Mary Dillon stepped out and made herself president of the $12,000,000 Brooklyn Borough Gas Company, just to prove that women can make good in business, she explained.

It took a little time after she had quit her job passing out bathing suits in a Coney Island bath house. First she became "sort of office boy" for the gas company. Then, in 1925, after 22 years of steady promotions she was made president of the firm.

She advises other women ambitious for a successful business career to get married and go to work. Once married, she said:

"They aren't then so preoccupied with the man question. A career in itself can't satisfy woman emotionally, and a business woman with an unhappy life carries over her emotional upsets to her work."

New Map Of France

Shows What Might Happen If Adolf Hitler Ruled Germany

The French newspapers Figaro and Ami Du Peuple reproduced on their front pages a new map of France attributed to Adolf Hitler, the German nationalist. It shows what would be left of France by 1935 if Hitler should come into power in Germany, and put into execution the plan which his supporters say he advocates.

All the French maritime frontiers would be divided between Germany, Great Britain, Catalonia and Italy. Germany would take the territory from Dunkirk to Havre on the north and would keep Marseilles and the department of Bouches-du-Rhone on the south.

The United States would get Finisterre as a naval station "to assure her neutrality."

German Flyer Not Optimistic

About Feasibility Of Commercial Air Line Over Northern Circle Route

The first scientific flight from Germany to Chicago over the great northern circle route ended successfully when Captain Wolfgang von Gronau, German trans-Atlantic flyer, brought his whale-shaped twin-motored flying boat, the Groenland Wal, down on the surface of Lake Michigan. The trip was started from the Island of List Sylt, on the North Sea Coast of Germany, August 9.

The long journey was sponsored by German scientific and commercial organizations to determine the feasibility of a commercial air line over the northern circle route, but Captain von Gronau was not very optimistic. He said such a line was possible, but that it would take a lot of money.

Game Fish In Alberta

Following action by the Dominion Department of Fisheries, through its fish culture division, in planting fry in various Alberta waters several years ago, anglers are now landing Rainbow, Loch Leven and Brown trout in district, where these fine sport fish were previously unknown.

The "world's largest Bible," completed in Los Angeles after two years of work, weighs 1,100 pounds, contains 8,048 pages, and measures eight feet across.

IN ROYAL TIFF



Domestic affairs of members of the Roumanian royal family are again in the limelight with Queen Mariana of Jugoslavia (above) reported to have refused to participate in the celebration of the tenth anniversary of her husband's accession to the throne. And all because of a family tiff. Hubby is King Alexander of Jugoslavia while brother is King Carol of Roumania.

Canada Selling Wheat

Increased Sales Are Noted Over Previous Year

Although unable to exercise any control over world prices of wheat, Canadian wheat holders last year sold 72,370,675 bushels of wheat more than they sold in 1929-30. They sold this in face of rigorous competition from Russia and Argentina, and in face of several adverse factors. One bushel out of every three shipped in the world in the 12 months ending July 31, 1931, was Canadian.

Despite stiff competition from Russia and the Argentine in the European market and with the Oriental market captured largely by Australia through depreciated currency, Canada last year exported 228,480,403 bushels of wheat and 6,701,663 barrels of flour. This was the equivalent of 258,637,887 bushels, actually exported, an increase of 72,370,675 bushels over the 1929-30 crop year.—Regina Daily Star.

Five Billions In Gold

Gold Holdings In United States Will Soon Be Greatest Ever

The pockets of Uncle Sam soon will bulge with more than $5,000,000,000 in gold.

A survey of the gold situation showed that it will be only a matter of a short time before gold holdings in the United States will top the five billion mark for the first time in the history of any nation.

The gold reserve on August 26 amounted to $4,992,000,000, while impending shipments from South America will increase this amount.

A shipment of $4,255,000 is being sent to New York from Argentina on the steamer "Western Prince," and Uruguay plans to send $5,000,000. In addition, receipts of $965,000 from Mexico was reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

Looked Suspicious

Policeman Ralph Hart did not understand why so many funeral corteges passed through East Chicago en route to Indiana Harbour which has no cemetery. He stopped one hearse followed by several jovial-looking mourners smoking cigars. Inside he found many cases of liquor. The driver, Albert Cummings, of Chicago Heights, Ill., was arrested.

A dwelling house of welded steel and brick has been constructed in New York.

Prairie Wind Breaks

Compulsory Tree Planting Is Suggested For Dry Belts

This would be a good time for the Dominion Government and the Governments of Alberta and Saskatchewan to get together and put a little tactful compulsion behind the idea of inducing tree planting on the farms and along the roadways in the dry belt.

So long as the farmers in that area were standing "on their own," governments could do little in that direction beyond pointing out to them the advisability of setting out wind-breaks and creating forest belts to conserve moisture and increase rainfall. But when the Dominion and the provinces must join to provide road work to save them from destitution, something may properly be done in the way of requiring that measures be taken to prevent soil drifting and drouths in future years.

While the Dominion has been giving away trees for a generation, and the advantages of tree planting have been dinned into the public by every department of agriculture, private initiative has failed absolutely to adopt these precautions in any general way against the climatic conditions which have brought farmers of the dry belt into distress and which threatens to turn that area into a permanent desert.

Simply saving the people concerned from what is in measure the consequence of their own neglect will not assure that they will be more thoughtful for the future. Now that the governments must pay for the results of wind and drought, they will be failing in their responsibility to their taxpayers if they do not make some attempt to prevent the development of like conditions in years to come.—Edmonton Bulletin

Reducing Farm Costs

Tests Made, Sponsored By Farm Machinery Companies

Tests with a view to reducing farm costs were instituted recently at the Midnapore Ranch of Senator Patrick Burns, Calgary.

Sponsored by farm machinery companies the trials sought to demonstrate methods by which the cost of wheat production, in areas suited to mechanized farming, could be reduced and also to show the possibilities in securing greater efficiency from field units at present operated. The programme included tractor, combine and disc operations.

R. A. Wright, Drinkwater, Sask.; W. H. Fairfield, superintendent experimental farm, Lethbridge; J. G. Taggart, superintendent experimental farm, Swift Current, Sask.; and leading farmers from Manitoba and Saskatchewan attended.

Western Fish Hatcheries

Record Distribution Of Fry Made In Prairie Provinces Last Year

Last year saw a record distribution from the fish hatcheries of the Prairie Provinces, according to a report of the fish culture division of the Department of Fisheries at Ottawa. From the Manitoba hatcheries there was a whitefish distribution of 130,000,000, and a pickerel distribution of 107,000,000 as well as an output of salmon trout to the number of 195,000. From the hatchery at Port Qu'Appelle, Sask., nearly 15,610,000 eggs, etc., were sent out while the Alberta distribution amounted to 103,250,000.

Priceless Furs From North

Nearly half a million dollars' worth of fur gathered from the sub-Arctic barren lands, passed through The Pas, Manitoba, recently, en route to Winnipeg and London, England. The shipment, 75 bales in all, was composed of priceless pelts, silver fox, white fox and a few choice beaver skins.

POLO PLAYER RESCUES KING'S COUSIN



Lady Louis Mountbatten (above), wife of a cousin of King George, and one of the richest women in the world, was rescued from drowning off Cape Antibes, France, by Stephen Sanford (insert), star American polo player, when she was seized by cramps. Brought ashore in a state of collapse, Lady Mountbatten was not revived for some time.

Tramp Steamers Of Late Years Have Been Forced To Give Way To Competition Of Ocean Liners

The tramp steamer which used to ply to the strange ports of the world seeking cargoes probably soon will join the sailing vessel in near-extinction.

A calculation made in London shows that liners, both passenger and cargo, running on regular routes and time, as contrasted with the tramp, comprise about 70 per cent. of the world's tonnage. Liners totalled but 36 per cent. of the world's tonnage in 1913.

The change has been particularly noticeabe in the port of London, where, outside the timber trade, there now are very few tramps as compared with pre-war days. Nearly everybody prefers to send goods in "parcels" up to 10,000 tons or more on one of the regular line ships.

Canadian grain for instance, used to cross the Atlantic and Pacific in tramp steamers. Now a large part of it comes across the oceans in the Canadian Pacific's fast cargo liners or in the holds of passenger ships. There are half a dozen regular lines on the north Pacific, formerly a tramp area, and even the River Plate ports are now on the schedules of the liners.

Sea affairs in general have been changed considerably by the shift from tramp steamer to liner. The seaman no longer signs on for a voyage "not exceeding two years," but can tell his wife almost to the day when he will return. Jobs are steadier, for cargo liners stick to their schedule.

But with the passing of the tramp steamer passes some of the last vestiges of the pioneering of another day, and one of the last links between the ship owner and the merchant adventurers of the seventeenth century is broken.

Good Market For Saskatchewan Cattle

Stock Raisers Have Splendid Opportunity For Export To Britain

During the twelve month period ending August 20th, Saskatchewan exported seven hundred and eighty-nine head of beef cattle to Great Britain. These figures have been compiled by W. Waldron, Provincial Markets Commissioner, from weekly returns on the export cattle trade furnished by the Dominion Live Stock Branch, Ottawa.

According to Mr. Waldron, Saskatchewan farmers are not making the most of their opportunity to secure a much larger share of the business. "While it must be admitted," states Mr. Waldron, "that some of our stockers and feeders find their way to Manitoba and Ontario, there to be finished and exported, never shall we have a better opportunity to enter the export cattle trade than offers at present through the whole of northern Saskatchewan with an abundance of excellent feed, water, and cheap grain, provided cattle put on feed are of the right quality."

The following figures show where the cattle exported during the year originated: Ontario, 9,176; Alberta, 5,484; Manitoba, 1,477; Saskatchewan, 789; Quebec, 296, a total of 17,222.

A final point mentioned by Mr. Waldron was that he thought there existed a need for the organization of a greater number of local co-operative shipping points in order that a farmer having two or three head of steers of export quality would be able to ship with his neighbor and not sacrifice a first class animal at a second class price.

Advance In Public Health

Mortality Amongst Younger People Is Still High, Says British Medical Officer

Although great advance had been made in public health this century it was not possible to be satisfied with the position of the general health today, Dr. W. G. Willoughby, medical officer for Eastbourne, said in his address as president of the British Medical Association, at the recent meeting in Eastbourne. He said that the increase in the average duration of life in the present century, averaging more than 12 years, was mainly owing to the decrease in infant mortality, but was partly due to the general lowering of death rates at other ages. Ten per cent. more of the population now reached the age of 50.

"There were far too many deaths at early ages," Dr. Willoughby said. In the registrar-general's latest summary, that for 1929, it was shown that rather over one-third of the deaths of males and nearly one-third of the deaths of females, occurred before the age of 50. Omitting deaths of infants —deaths in the first year of life — there were 40,656 deaths of children under 15 and another 20,663 in the next 10 years of life.

Although the vitality of the nation has been steadily improving, the expectation of life is still only 55 years for males and 59 for females. This was one of the points emphasized by Dr. Willoughbly.

Fighting Stock Parasites

Research Institute Will Work Under Direction Of Department Of Agriculture

To carry on warfare against parasites of livestock, a research institute of helminthology is to be established at MacDonald College, Ste. Anne de Bellevue, supported by the Empire Marketing Board, the National Research Council of Canada and the Province of Quebec, and under the direction of the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

In making this announcement officials of McGill University of which MacDonald is a branch, stated the marketing board and the council will contribute equal amounts distributed over a three year period. The money necessary to erect a building has been provided by the provincial government.

Damage to livestock by parasites in Canada runs to millions of dollars each year, one estimate going as high as $20,000,000.

Cow Wins Honours

Aberdeen Angus Cow Owned In Saskatchewan Carries Off Prizes

"Lois of Moose Jaw," the Aberdeen Angus cow owned by W. J. F. Warren, of Belbeck, Sask., has added another string of honours to its already long list, by carrying away the premier award of the Aberdeen Angus Association of Scotland, both at Saskatoon and at Moose Jaw as well as winning the highest honours at Weyburn, Estevan, Portage la Prairie, Dauphin, Yorkton and Melfort. Mr. Warren had a very successful season this year, particularly at Regina where his herd won nine first prizes, four seconds, two thirds, one fifth and two sixths.

A naturalist says that muskrats work industriously to provide food and shelter for themselves, but they never play at all.

Deportation From Canada

Many Who May Wish To Be Deported Due For Disappointment

Deportation from Canada does not depend upon the willingness or the unwillingness of persons, it was stated at the Department of Immigration, Ottawa. When shown a press report from Regina, Sask., which told of the city council preparing lists of voluntary deportees, department officials said the deportation laws were not sufficiently elastic to enable men and women to be transported back to their own countries simply by applying for it.

Throughout Canada, said one official of the department, a great number of people, who were not deportable, had expressed their willingness to be deported. This, however, did not enable the department to pay their passages back to their native lands. If their cases did not fall within the deportation laws they remained in this country despite their expressed willingness to be deported.

A Great Benefactor

Pullman, Inventor Of Sleeping Cars, Born a Hundred Years Ago

One hundred years ago a man named Pullman was born. When he died he left a great fortune and a name that was sure to last. It was Pullman who conceived the idea that something more comfortable than the old compartment carriage might run upon railways. His first cars, with gangways from end to end and provided with comfortable seats and tables for passengers, made their appearance in America between sixty and seventy years ago. They were an immediate success, and in 1874 the Midland Railway Company imported four of them to Great Britain. They were sent over in parts and put together on arrival. Pullmans are now seen on nearly all the railways in the world.

Work Only Thing Needed

Depression? Take a look at the endless string of motor cars, the throngs at the summer resorts, a few vacant seats at the theatres and similar things. There is plenty of money in the country, plenty of food and plenty of everything else — excepting work. Work alone will cure the depression.

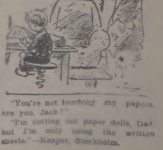
Easily Identified

The lady was quite flattered by the little boy's recognition.

"Do you know all of your mother's friends?" she asked.

"No, ma'am," replied the lad, "but I can tell you by your feet."

The deaf man misses a lot, but he doesn't have to listen to his neighbor's radio.



"You're not touching my papers, are you, Jack?"

"I'm cutting out paper dolls, Dad, but I'm only using the written sheets."—Kasper, Stockholm.

GILLETT'S Flake Lye

cleans floors, walls . . . everything in the kitchen



■ Full strength for Sink Drains ■ Full strength for the toilet bowl ■ In solution for all general cleaning

GILLETT'S Lye "Eats Dirt"

*Lye should never be dissolved in hot water.

KEEP a tin of Gillett's Lye handy and you can cut your kitchen cleaning time in two.

Greasy pots, pans and dishes, soiled walls, the kitchen floor, etc. : : : all can be more quickly and thoroughly cleaned with a solution of one tablespoonful of Gillett's Lye dissolved in a gallon of cold* water.

To keep drains free-running, pour a small quantity of full strength Gillett's Lye down them each week and they'll never clog with dirt and grease accumulations.

• • •

Gillett's Lye has many handy household uses. Send for the new FREE Gillett's Lye booklet explaining how it will make all your cleaning easier.

THE DUSTY HIGHWAY

— BY —

CHRISTINE WHITING PARMENTER

Copyright 1929

CHAPTER XXIX.—Continued.

"If we had a Nancy, and—and a mother . . ."

She looked up at him with pleading eys. Halliday winced, and Uncle Sim said tactfully: "I don't doubt, little girl, but what Sonny'd be real proud to lend you his mother, and his little sister, too, most any time. And you got a daddy you think a whole heap of, or my name ain't Simeon Augustus Bartlett."

The child looked up at Halliday with a smile that was sweet as a caress.

"Martha Halliday," called Julie from the window, "you got to come right in now and get ready if you're goin' to church with me."

"Seems like Julie Nipps is gettin' pretty regular in her devotions," commented Simeon dryly. "Ain't seen her miss a Sunday in three weeks."

"It's her perm'nent wave," Martha explained soberly. "She says there's no use having it if you don't go somewher. to show it off. It cost twenty-five dollars 'sides her carfares to Summerfield."

"Well, well," chuckled Simeon, "it would be a pity if the Lord was to overlook it after Julie's goin' to all that expense. I've heard o' some strange things bein' the cause o' salvation, Halliday, but I do'no but havin' yer hair crimped, is the strangest yet. You run along, child, and get ready like Julie says. 'Tain't everyone has the chance to go to church along beside an expensive head like that."

"When I grow up I'm going to have one, too," Martha announced soberly.

"You won't need one," smiled Halliday, rumpling her curls with a tender hand. "Your good fairy gave you one when you were born."

"You don't get perm'nent waves from fairies," said Martha, with feminine scorn for his ignorance. "You get 'em at the hairdresser's in Summerfield."

Halliday's laugh carried across the garden to where Nick sat on the porch worshiping his daughter, while Gay lay in the hammock beside him. He was holding the baby with all the ease of a veteran father, and saying "Young lady, if you don't grow up the image of your mother, I'll disown you."

Gay smiled.

"Better be careful what you threaten, Daddy. She has her father's straight, aristocratic nose."

"You can't tell about noses this soon," said Nick, grinning. "But anyhow, I'll forgive her the nose so long as she keeps your eyes. Wonder what's happening across the way. I haven't heard Halliday laugh like that in a dog's age."

He spoke of it again that evening, when Uncle Sim was indulging in a pre-bedtime smoke in company with their neighbor. The night was still with the stillness of a summer Sunday, and occasionally the rumble of the old man's chuckle was carried to them on the air.

"Halliday's got a firm ally in Uncle Sim," said Nick. "A year ago who would have dreamed of such a thing? But there's a big change in Halliday. He told me the other day that he was heartily ashamed of some of the stories he's published, though at the time he thought them merely realistic! He's writing a book now—a child's book. Just imagine it! It's something he invented for Martha's benefit, and she begged him to write it down. That little girl has done a lot for him; but I've an idea that his reformation's not wholly due to her."

Gay did not speak. She was visioning the night when Halliday had said goodbye to her, before starting out on what had seemed like a hopeless quest. He had called her "a light in the dark." He had kissed her hands, gently and reverently, to be sure, but not as one kisses the hands of a sister or a friend. Gay knew what had changed James Halliday; but, since it was his secret . . . .

Nick was saying, quietly: "Do you know what I think has changed him, Gay? I think it's you."

She started, visibly.

"Why—why should you think that?"

"Just a hunch, that's all. He's been unhappy, and knowing you—seeing what a woman can be, dear—well, it would mean a lot to a lonely man like Halliday."

A fugitive smile hovered on Gay's lips.

"Isn't it possible that you overrate my virtues? I wonder" (there was the least bit of a pause), "I wonder when Mrs. Halliday is coming back."

It was the first time she had mentioned Angela, and Nick himself had no desire to speak of her. Now he said: "Not at present. Never to Bakersville, I think. That's what I gathered from something Halliday said."

"You don't mean they've separated?"

"I believe they don't call it a separation; but it amounts to the same thing. She's going abroad for the winter anyhow, and Halliday's to stay here with Martha. She—I——" Nick hesitated and flushed a little. "You were right about Mrs. Halliday, Gay. She's not to be trusted."

Gay's hand slipped into his.

"Is that all you have to tell me, dear old boy?"

He looked at her, laughing in a way that would have reassured even a doubting wife, and Gay was very far from being that.

"Are you expecting a tale of intrigue and treachery, my dear? Well, there was intrigue, perhaps, on her part, but no treachery on mine. Do you remember when Uncle Sim expounded the laws of a happy marriage to us? He said if ever I made a fool of myself that I was to own up and you'd forgive me."

"And you made a fool of yourself, Nick?"

"No; that is, not a noticeable fool; but will you forgive me just the same?"

"For what?"

"For not seeing through the lady in the first place."

She smiled.

"What opened your eyes at last?"

Nick looked thoughtfully into space.

"I think," he said slowly, as if he were trying to get at the real truth, "I think that first it was a kiss. Later——"

"A kiss! Nick, you—you——"

Nick grinned.

"Don't get excited, Gay. It was she kissed me: an absolutely surprising and unsolicited caress. It—'flabbergasted' me, as Uncle Sim would say. I vowed that night I'd tell you all about it. Hence this confession."

"And—later?"

He turned, meeting her eyes squarely.

"We won't go into that." Unknown to himself Nick's voice had taken on an unfamiliar harshness. "It was only a scene—a scene between Mrs. Halliday, her husband, and myself. It showed me just what she was; and I tell you Gay, James Halliday needs all the sympathy you can give him. I can't say any more about it. I can't even think of it, and stay calm. Some day, perhaps, I'll tell you. Not now. All I ask is that you believe that I've done nothing to be ashamed of."

"I never believed anything else, Nick; only I wondered——"

"Don't wonder."

He drew her close for a long moment, and kissed her gently. After her journey into a land of doubt and fear, she seemed something exquisitely dear and fragile to him. He said, quietly: "Gay—you should have told me about the baby. It would have saved——"

"I know," she broke in hurriedly, "I know; but I couldn't foresee the things that were to happen, could I? And I was worried about you, Nick. You weren't yourself. Mr. Maxwell saw it as well as I. We knew you needed a change—a chance to get away from all perplexities and worries. Besides, I wanted you to feel free, dear. I have always wanted you to feel free. You shared your freedom with me so generously. I said to myself the day we went away together, when I was tying up that ridiculous bandanna, that whatever happened I must never by word or look mar the joy of your adventure."

"And Life's an adventure to you, Nick—the whole of it. It's just as that, somehow, we have to travel. I've tried, honestly, to help make it the happy highway she wanted you to know; but I've sometimes thought" (Gay smiled, a smile that illumined her face softly like candle-light) "I've sometimes feared, Nick, that I've been responsible for a good deal of dust along the way!"

He met her smile with eyes that were wholly serious.

"Dust! I'd say you were the brook that quenched my burning thirst. You have never failed me, Gay. You never will; nor shall I fail you. I've had time to think in these weeks when you've seemed so frail that I've been almost afraid to look at you for fear I'd see you blow away. I've threshed out this freedom business from A to Z. And I know at last that freedom is not the ability to answer the call of the road at a moment's notice. It's not the shifting of life's responsibilities to other shoulders. It's something within ourselves—this freedom; and once we know it—once we honestly believe it—we are free!"

A silence followed before Gay said gently: "I've known that for a long time, Nick. I could have told you, of course; but—but I thought you'd be happier to find it out yourself."

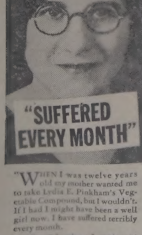
Nick answered, his voice a bit unsteady: "You are a very understanding person, Gay."

It was dark now on the little porch, and very peaceful. Dim stars shone faintly above; and the air from the garden was sweet with the fragrance of summer. A breeze sprang out of the West, stirring the leaves in the tree-tops; and far in the distance, heat-lightning brightened the sky.

Gay rested her cheek contentedly against Nick's shoulder. He smiled, moving his arm to bring her closer, while through the evening stillness came the echo of Uncle Sim's big laugh.

"It's a great old world!" said Nick.

THE END



"WHEN I was twelve years old my mother wanted me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, but I wouldn't. If I had I might have been a well girl now. I have suffered terribly every month.

"The girls where I work used the Vegetable Compound and urged me to try it. It helped my nerves. I intend to keep on until I am well and strong." Miss Rose Lama, 6 Brighton Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

Lydia E. Pinkham's VEGETABLE COMPOUND

W. N. U. 1906

Why It Bounced

A man in a large limousine was following a "baby" car at a good speed along a country road. Every now and then the "baby" car bounced alarmingly. Finally the man in the limousine drew alongside the "baby" and said to the driver:

"Look here, my good man, you are bound to break your back axle if you go on as you are doing."

"Good gracious!" was the reply, "cannot I have hiccups without your interference?"

Wife—"Before we were married you said mother could stay with us whenever she pleased."

Husband—"Yes, certainly. But she doesn't please."

"What do you think of the Museum of Art?" "Oh, the pictures are good enough, but there ain't no good jokes under them."

Why Potatoes Are Healthy

Have Alkaline Quality and Neutralize Acid From Meat

Meat and potatoes seem to supplement each other as naturally as do bread-and-butter, and there is a reason. Meat has an acid quality and, if eaten continuously and heartily, tends to injure the tissues of the body, produce high blood pressure and hardening of the arteries. Potatoes have an alkaline quality and, when eaten with meat, neutralize its acid reaction on the system.

Potatoes are two-thirds water, and their remaining third is a food which is almost all digested leaving little residue in the system to encourage the action of the alimentary canal. It is well to eat salads and coarse vegetables with our concentrated combination, meat-and-potatoes.

The food elements of the potato are starch, a small amount of protein, phosphorous and iron, and a moderate amount of vitamins A, B and C. All in all, the humble "spud" is a valuable food.

Boil potatoes rapidly in salted water, with the skins on, to save the mineral salts, and peel before serving. To make potatoes mealy, drain but leave them in the kettle and set them back over a slow fire for a minute, bouncing them up and down in the kettle to drive the steam out evenly. Break baked potatoes as soon as you remove them from the oven, to let the steam out. If not ready to serve them immediately, wrap them in a towel to absorb the steam and keep them hot.

New Medicine Is Costly

Cortin Is One Of World's Most Precious Substances

The story of a man who stopped breathing, apparently dead, and then was restored to partial health in three days from cortin, one of the new hormone extracts, became known at the opening meeting of the American Chemical Society, in Buffalo.

Cortin is a secretion of the covering of the adrenals, the small organs near the kidneys. It was isolated in the Department of Physiology of the University of Buffalo, by the department head, Dr. F. A. Hartman. The latest finding, how it works like a match in the body's muscles to enable them to burn their heat producing fuel, was given in a paper by Dr. Hartman.

The man who stopped breathing had Addison's disease.

Cortin is obtained from the adrenals of beeves. These organs from 150 cattle yield enough extract if dried to make a pile about the size of a pinhead. At this rate cortin is one of the world's extremely precious substances, for it requires the extract of 50 to 150 beeves to make enough for one day's medicine for one acute case of Addison's disease.

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will drive worms from the system without injury to the child, because its action, while fully effective is mild.

Canada At Bristol Exhibition

A prominent part will be taken by Canada in the annual exhibition at Bristol, England, to be held this week. A Canadian section has been organized and will consist of the Government stand and individual booths occupied by private Canadian firms, according to announcement from the Department of Trade and Commerce.

Saskatchewan Industries

The gross value of the manufactured products in the eight cities of the Province of Saskatchewan amounted to $71,836,769 in 1929, that of Regina being $34,842,487; Saskatoon, $15,961,102 and Moose Jaw, $14,-646,351.

for SCIATICA

Wash the painful part well with warm water; then rub in plenty of Minard's and you'll feel better!

33

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Canadian Banks Sound

Have Withstood Depression While Hundreds In States Have Failed

Canadian banks are blamed for many things from time to time, and there are those who would make extensive changes in the banking system if they had the opportunity, but for business people and the general public there must be a great source of satisfaction in the stability they have shown during the stress of recent months.

In the same time hundreds of banks in the United States have failed and the depositors have lost vast sums of money. Three large banks in Toledo, Ohio, decided to close their doors, and a fourth asked that its affairs be taken over by the State Bank'ng Department. Assets worth more than $100,000,000 are tied up. At the same time eleven savings associations under the building and loan laws of Ohio said they would have to cease permitting withdrawals.

No situation such as this has faced any Canadian community nor any depositor in a Canadian bank in the present emergency. Unquestionably there is much to be said for a system which puts such rigid safeguards about the people's money.—Ottawa Journal.

Convention Cancelled

Annual Meeting Of Canadian Clubs Will Not Be Held This Year

Announcement that the annual meeting of the Association of Canadian Clubs, scheduled to have been held in Regina, September 11 and 12, will not take place, came from Graham Spry, the association's national secretary.

While no official reason for the decision was given out, it is understood that due to prevailing economic conditions the affiliated clubs of the association agreed to a recommendation of the national executive that this year's sessions be eliminated.

According to a report made by Mr. Spry at a recent executive meeting, the association is concluding a most successful year. There are now affiliated with the association 94 of the 105 active Canadian clubs from coast to coast.

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By Aline Michaelis

SYMBOLS

Not the cloud, or the wave, or the bough
Is the thing that I love,
Though I linger till dusk turns to dark
As the sky's pageants move.
Though I find in the voice of the sea
Always comfort and peace,
And that deep in the forest's green aisles,
Care will grant me release.

Through the glory of cloud-flight I look:
To the glory beyond,
And I seek for the stars in the sky,
Not the stars in the pond.
Not earth's beauties before me that move,
But hid beauties I guess;
And it is not loved hands that I love,
But the love they express!

Persian Balm is magical in creating alluring complexions. A little gentle rubbing and your skin is invigorated and touched with the true beauty of youth. Charmingly fragrant. Delightful to use. Cools and caresses the skin. Relieves all roughness and chafing caused by weather conditions. Tones and stimulates. Enhances and protects the loveliest complexion. Unrivalled as a perfect aid to beauty and charm.

City Appeals To Women

U.S. Census Shows More Men Remain On Farm

Girls and women of the United States were more numerous than boys and men in the great trek from the farm to the cities in the late decade, the Census Bureau reports. Women now outnumber men in the cities in a ratio of 100 to 98. That the city has appealed most to women is shown in the presence of 9,000,000 more women in the city now than on the farm. The female urban population is 34,-800,063, while 25,837,903 remain in rural areas. The urban male population is 34,154,760, while 27,982,320 live on the farm.

No Yacht Race

It was understood that Sir Thomas Lipton, after a conference with friends and boat builders, has decided not to challenge for the America's cup next year with one of his famous lin of Shamrock yachts. The feeling prevailed that there was not sufficient time to build a boat in this country, sail it across the Atlantic, and get the best out of the boat before racing time next September.

Crosses Channel On Water Skiis

Karl Naumestnik, an Austrian, has walked across the English Channel from Cape Gris Nez, France, on a pair of water skiis. Convoyed by a fishing boat, he scudded across one of the nastiest bits of water in the world, coming ashore at Shakespeare Beach, Dover.

Funny, but folks we think are charming people are those who tell other people how good we are.

Discovery of oil in Croatia has led to prospects for exploitation.

An Amazing Situation

With Millions On Verge Of Starvation Countries Are Destroying Food

The Federal Farm Board at Washington has sent telegrams to the governors of fourteen cotton growing states urging that one-third of the present crop be destroyed in order to keep up the price of cotton.

This is the proposal which the government of the United States makes to its cotton-growing states—destroy one-third of your crop.

Brazil is said to have made a bonfire of 11,000 bags of coffee.

California has been pulling up a proportion of her grapevines to prevent over-production of grapes, and owing to over-production of peaches a fund of $1,500,000 has been raised to compensate farmers for chopping down a proportion of their peach orchards.

Such news is amazing. The same policy would propose the burning of millions of tons of wheat as a means of improving the price. In China millions are starving: in various countries millions of people are unemployed and facing a winter of hardship. Yet there is such poverty of resource in government that nothing can be suggested but to destroy over-production by fire and axe.

What a confession of failure there is in this situation! What abundance of proof that the nations must get together and reorganize the world on a more sensible basis.

Every nation has built a tariff wall around herself, refuses to buy and therefore cannot sell.—Toronto Daily Star.

British Capital For Canada

Large Sums Sent Over For Investment In Dominion

The influx of enormous sums of British capital for investment in Canada over a period of two years has been one of the factors supporting the market for high grade Canadian securities during the current difficult period, according to A. W. Blue, financial editor of the Montreal Star, in an article published in that paper recently.

Initiated over two years ago, when the land-tax question was prominent in English politics, the flow has gained momentum in recent months and runs into many millions of dollars. The article follows, in part:

"It is stated that local investment banking houses have handled as much as $6,000,000 and $7,000,000 for individual British clients, while numerous accounts run to more conservative denominations.

"So persistent has been the flow of funds, and in such proportion that the movement is virtually tantamount to a 'flight from the pound,' not inspired by fear that Great Britain will find it impossible to solve her problems, but rather by a desire to escape the growing weight of taxation and in all its various forms, now so onerous a burden in England.

"From the Canadian viewpoint, this movement is both interesting and significant. It reflects a confidence in Canada and her future possibilities as an investment centre, which in turn implies commercial and industrial growth and progress."

Vocational Bureau

Canadian Federation Of University Women Wish System To Be Continued

Delegates to the fifth triennial conference at Ottawa of the Canadian Federation of University Women, recommended that the Vocational Bureau, organized in July under the direction of Miss True Davidson, of Toronto, be continued. The purpose of the bureau is to gain information, through research work, of positions open to women in Canada, give them advice on matters pertaining to the positions for which they are suited and then help to place them. This work is done principally through the Sunday Schools and Y.W.C.A.

An invitation was accepted from the Edmonton University Women's Club to meet in their city for the next triennial.

The report of the educational committee recommended that a study of the curriculum be made in secondary schools of Canada, for the purpose of making it more uniform. It also recommended the use of the radio for educational purposes.

Offer Corn As Fuel

Burn-a-bushel-of-corn-a-day clubs will be formed in this part of Iowa this fall if present plans materialize. Corn has excellent heating qualities and is selling for $3 a ton less than coal, farmer proponents of the plan say. Through the clubs it is proposed to eliminate the surplus with the hope of increasing the price of corn 25 cents a bushel.

Search For Hidden Treasures

To search for hidden treasures beneath the waters surrounding Cocos Island in the Republic of Costa Rica, a company known as the "Cocos Island Treasure, Limited," has been incorporated in Vancouver, according to an announcement appearing in the B.C. Gazette.

"Mary, we have been married three weeks and the hole in my trousers is not darned yet."

"That has nothing to do with me. That belongs to your bachelor days."

Flour mills of Shanghai, China, are expected to buy large quantities of foreign wheat this year.

Such lather! Such refreshing fragrance, such skin softening and cleansing!—

Baby's Own Soap

10cts Individual Cartons

9-31

Little Helps For This Week

"Every man shall receive his own reward according to his own labour." —1 Corinthians iii. 8.

Our Father
Will no gentle deed disdain;
Love, on the cold earth beginning,
Lives divine in heaven again;
While the angel hearts that beat there
Still all tender thoughts retain.
—Adelaide Anne Proctor.

How shall we enter when for us the golden gates roll back? Shall we go home as children whose homecoming is not only welcomed and watched for by the heart of Heavenly Fatherhood and the heart of Heavenly Brotherhood, but by many and many a one to whom we have given a smile or a word of love for Christ's sake?—Rose Porter.

Drakes Of Modern Times

Men Recently Sailed Across Atlantic In Small Boats

Ten little sailboats set out from Newport on July 4 on a race across the ocean to The Lizard, off Plymouth. The winner, the 63-foot "Dorade," ran into Plymouth Harbour, almost exactly seventeen days out from this side. One of the others had to signal to a passing liner for supplies and to have two of her crew taken off after a storm that partially dismasted her. Having got what she needed, she set off again to make up for lost time.

To set sail across the North Atlantic in a fifty-foot yawl calls for a lot of courage to begin with. There are wicked summer storms that shake up even the biggest liners and in which these cockleshells would seem to have but the smallest chance of survival. To cross in seventeen days, some of them of light airs, means not only courage but the willingness to take every chance.

We marvel at the courage of the men of old who crossed the Western Ocean in their tiny ships, but the British and American skippers are their worthy successors. The ocean has not changed since 1492 and a 50-foot yacht in the grip of its wrath would be just as helpless as a "Golden Hind" or a "Santa Maria." We still have our Drakes, our de Gamas and our Magellans, even in what is said to be a softer age.

Perfects Automatic Bread-Making Machine

Home-Made Bread Now Possible Without Worry Of Old Method

Home-made bread (like mother used to make) without the labour and worry of old-fashioned methods is the promise of an Italian inventor, Mentore Teodori, of Ferrara.

Signor Teodori, after 30 years of effort, has perfected an automatic bread-making machine which promises to make home-made bread popular again.

His machine, called "Autopans" or in English "Autobread," does everything from grinding the wheat to baking the bread in one operation. Fresh grain, yeast, salt, water and oil are poured into the machine and a short time later finished loaves are taken from the oven.

Turkish Women Lose Jobs

Street Cleaners Talked Too Much and Neglected Work

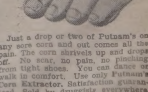
Turkish women are swallowing their first defeat since the Kemalists opened all doors to them; they have been found wanting at the job of street cleaning.

"No more women street cleaners," announced the Istanbul municipality. "They have been given a four-year trial, and the streets of the city of the Golden Horn are dirtier than ever. Women fell down on the job because being in the streets gave them too irrestible an opportunity for leaning on their brooms and gossiping."

It is possible by photographic means to make simultaneous flame and pressure studies of individual explosions in the gasoline engine.

CORNS

Lift off - No Pain!



Just a drop or two of Putnam's on any sore corn and out comes all the pain. The corn shrivels up and drops off. No scar, no pain, no pinching from tight shoes. You can dance or walk in comfort. Use only Putnam's Corn Extractor. Satisfaction guaranteed. Sold by druggists everywhere.

PUTNAM'S



Leave us your next Order for

Printing

You do not have to send else where, when you can get it just as neatly and cheaply at home.

Our Print Shop is ready always to meet your requirements in

Everything in the Job Printing Line

The Times Job Department

P. O. Box 280

The Proof is the Eating

Many a batch of bread has been spoiled by the flour not turning out just right.

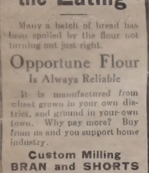
Opportune Flour

Is Always Reliable

It is manufactured from wheat grown in your own district, and ground in your own town. Why pay more? Buy from us and you support home industry.

Custom Milling
BRAN and SHORTS
FOR SALE

McKAY & GATES
PROPRIETORS



Rush your order to "The Times" for an Advt. in these Classified columns when you have anything

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FIRE INSURANCE
Issued on Cash or Note Plan.
Automobile, Accident and Sickness.
TOWN HALL, — DELIA.
Phone No. 9.

Church Services

THE UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA

Rev. W. H. McDannold, B.A., Pastor
Manse: 3rd Ave. Phone 47

Sunday School	..	10.30 a.m.
Service of Worship	..	7.30 p.m.
Beebeebe	..	2.15 p.m.
Verdant Valley	..	12.15 p.m.

Subject—"What can be said about Immortality ?"

THE BAPTIST CHURCH

Rev. Dr. M. White, Pastor.

Services are held each Sunday as follows:—

Sunday School	..	11 a.m.
Morning Service	..	12 p.m.
Cotter School	..	3 p.m.
Evening Service	..	7.30 p.m.
TUESDAYS		
Senior B.Y.P.U.	..	7.30 p.m.
WEDNESDAYS		
Junior B.Y.P.U.	..	7.30 p.m.
Prayer Meeting	..	8.30 p.m.

Subjects—
Morning—"Men love darkness rather than light."
Evening—"Look Up."

The Lord's Supper is observed on the first Sunday of the month, after the morning service.

Local Grain Prices.

TUESDAY, Sept. 8, 1931

Wheat—	
No. 1 Northern	.33
No. 2 Northern	.27
No. 3 Northern	.22
No. 4	.19
No. 5	.17
No. 6	.15
Feed	.15
Oats—	
2 CW	.13½
3 CW	.10½
Ex. 1 feed	.10½
1 feed	.08½
2 feed	.07½
Barley—	
No. 3	.13
No. 4	.11

NEW POOL PRICES

Became effective Aug. 24th, 1931

No. 1 Wheat	.16
No. 2 "	.13
No. 3 "	.08
No. 4 "	.04

D. L. Sloan
BARRISTER SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC
CRAIGMYLE, Alta.
Phone 7

Quality Feed for Sale
At reasonable prices.
Delia Flour, Feed & Water Supply
6tf Phone 41.

FOR SALE

A number of Shropshire Reg. Ewes for sale. Apply to
C. M. DAVIS
36-38a Phone 119, Craigmyle

FOR SALE

Second hand cars. One Baby Grand Truck, one Overland Ninety Touring, two Ford Model "T" Touring. All in good running condition.
LLOYD SMART,
37tf North Side Garage.

The Delia Times
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
Jos. McKibbon,..Editor and Proprietor

Subscription rates $1.50 per annum payable in advance.

Classified Advertising, such as Lost, Stolen or Strayed, Articles Wanted or For Sale, &c., 50c. first insertion, 25c. each subsequent insertion, prepaid; if charged 25c extra will be added.

Municipal, Legal and Reader Advertisements 15c per line first insertion. 10c per line each subsequent insertion.

Display Advertising and Local ad. rates on application.

Changes of advertisement must reach this office not later than noon each Tuesday to insure insertion in the following issue.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1931

Immigration Ban in Canada Halts British Arrivals

OTTAWA, Aug. 14—The British immigration into Canada has almost come to a stop. The rigid bars raised against newcomers has tapered the immigration from the old land from an average of 10.000 a month in 1929 to less than 1000 monthly in 1931. There are now twice as many Canadians returning from the United States as newcomers from the British Isles.

In June, 1929, there were 9867 Britishers; in June, 1931, only 940. The total British immigration for the last six months has been only 4987 as compared with about 60.000 in the same period in 1929 As compared with last year, the British immigration has dropped .77 per cent; the United States immigration, 48 per cent; the northern European, 96 per cent; and the other immigration, 91 per cent.

There is a tremendous drop in the German immigration In the six months of 1930 exactly 8649 Germans came to Canada This year only 488 arrived. English immigrants dropped from 11,677 to 2926; Scottish, from 6103 to 1309; Irish from 3414 to 561. and Welsh, 629 to 141. The Canadians in the United States still find Canada not so bad after all, for 10,032 returned to the homeland in the six months.

Laplanders Arrive to Look After Canadian Reindeer

Three families of reindeer herders from the farthest northern reaches of Norway, travelled across the Dominion in a Canadian National Railways train this week on their way to the Canadian arctic, to follow their calling in a new country.

Six adults and four children make up the party, which was accompanied to Canada by H Porsild, Canadian Government representative, who made a special trip to Scandinavia to find men suitable to handle Canada's reindeer. The herders and their families made a short stop at Ottawa before proceeding to their jumping off place for the north at Waterways, Alberta.

Local and District

D. L. Sloan, barrester, Craigmyle, was a visitor in Delia last Friday.

• • •

Stan. Walker arrived here from Pincher Creek last Tuesday evg., and returned on Friday

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Reid, of Calgary, were visitors in Delia the greater part of last week.

• • •

J. J. Bradford shipped a carload of cattle to Calgary the beginning of this week.

• • •

Gus Peterson has sold his house to Arthur Turner, and is moving to the Peace River.

• • •

Miss Isabel Shields, of Vermilion, is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Smart for a few days.

• • •

J. A Bonner, of the Highland Meat Market, was a business visitor to Calgary the beginning of the present week.

• • •

Miss Eileen Reid, who is now teaching for the third term at Morrin, was a visitor in Delia over the week-end.

• • •

Mrs. A. B. Allen and Miss Ottson of Donalda, spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. A. Carson the first of last week.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Miller, of Calgary, motored out and spent the week end with their niece, Mrs. A. Carson

• • •

At the United Church on Sunday Rev. W. H. McDannold's special subject will be: "What can be said about Immortality ?"

• • •

Miss Maynard, who has been on the sick list, is able to be back to her school again, Majestic, where her sister has been substituting.

• • •

A tea and sale of home cooking will be held on Saturday, September 12th, in Richardson's old jewelry store under the auspices of the Delia United Church Ladies' Aid. 37a

• • •

The first load of new wheat was delivered to the Alberta Pacific Grain Co. Ltd., Delia, on Monday by E. M. Young. It weighed 57 lbs. to the bushel, and graded No. 3

• • •

Tax notices for the current year have now been mailed out. The school tax is considerably higher this year, being 15 mills on the dollar. The village tax remains about the same.

• • •

Labor Day passed off quietly in Delia. The principal attractions were the two ball games in the afternoon between Delia and Craigmyle, and a picture show in the evening. We expect to be able to publish the official scores of the ball games next week.

• • •

At the Baptist Church on Sunday morning we shall study the medical and scientific side of the words, "Men love darkness rather than light." Come and hear this side of the question In the evening we shall "Look Up." Come to both services and help us to sing God's praises, and worship Him."

• • •

The weather has been cooler this week, and cloudy. Rain fell in the early morning Wednesday, and continued during the day. Harvesting and cutting of feed is held up owing to the inclement weather Some elevators have received new grain, which graded No. 3.

• • •

A meeting of the Springwater School Fairs' Association was held at Sentinel Hill on Tuesday, Sept. 1st, to make final arrangements for the Fair to be held on Saturday, Sept. 19th. The following committee were appointed:—Cooking and sewing Mrs. Beaton and Mrs. Hewson; School work, all Teachers; Sports, J. L. Newman and W Lee; Booth, Mrs W. Carter, Mrs. McCullough and Lena Long; Lunch. Sentinel Hill W. I. and Majestic and Farrell Lake W I. Parents, all take a day off! Help the children to bring their exhibits. Everyone welcome.

SEND IT IN!

"If you have a bit of news—
Send it in;
Or a joke that will amuse—
Send it in;
A story that is true—
An incident that's new—
We want to hear from you—
Send it in;
If it's only worth the while
Never mind about your style—
Send it in!

Love your neighbor, but don't pull down the fence.

CRAIGMYLE

The Women's Foreign Missionary Society, of the Church of the Nazarene, met on Sept. 1st in the U.F.W.A. Hall, in Delia. The subject under discussion was, "The Cary Age of Missions". Those present were: Mrs. Gale Schiefle, Mrs. J. H. Berry, Grandma Tabor, Miss Mollie Stewart, Miss Margaret M. Moodie, Mrs. H. J. Bean, Mrs. W J. Tabor, Mrs. S. Brook, Mrs. G. B. Lister.

• • •

Frieda and Irene Brunner, daughters of Mrs. Brunner of Delia, were operated on at the Craigmyle Hospital on Monday. Mrs. Brunner was the guest of Mrs. H. J Bean while in town.

• • •

Mrs. K. Lyons spent the week-end in Calgary

• • •

Mr. Norman McRae took a truck load of Stock to Calgary last week.

• • •

Mr. Garnet J. Gibson, former manager of the Bank of Hamilton when it was in Craigmyle, was a Friday visitor, leaving by motor on Saturday.

• • •

J. Turner, A. Sharpe, Walter Barry, P. B. Blair, Fred Cook, all of Calgary; L. C. Egge, James N. Wilson, of Winnipeg; Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Wahl, Inez Wahl, Ivan Wahl, of Trochu; Frieda L. Weisser, of Camrose; C. F. Boulter, of Hanna; E, H. Buckingham, of Edmonton; are registered at the Empire Hotel.

• • •

Rev. and Mrs. Ezra Moodie entertained Dr. Lang and Rev. Sauve, of Hanna, on Sunday. Rev. Sauve has been holding a series of meetings at the Rubin Hall this past week. Miss L. Snyder returned to the Moodie home, after spending the week-end with her parents at the Hand Hills.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Luke Raisbeck, of Drumheller, were Labor Day visitors to Craigmyle.

Sentinel Hill Items

Miss Alice Morrison is attending High School at Olds, Alta.

Miss Beth Hewson is recovering from the injury to her ankle, caused by being thrown from her horse

Bert DeMott is attending High School in Delia.

Misses Lena Long, Margaret Simpson, and Kate McCullough are in attendance at Delia High School

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Gray and family, of Drumheller, were visitors at Sentinel Hill Farm on Sunday.

Mrs. Sverdahl, of Victor, and family visited with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Morrison on Sunday.

Misses Kathleen and Ethel Newman spent the week-end and holiday with their parents, Major and Mrs. J. L. Newman.

Mr. and Mrs D. Morrison of Olds, were the guests of Mr and Mrs. Wm. Morrison, and Grandpa Morrison, over the week-end.

The school children enjoyed a holiday on Labor Day.

Mr. Jno. Blair and Mr. W. Adams were in Calgary on a business trip last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Miller, of Calgary, were week-end and holiday visitors with Mrs. Miller's father and sister, Mr. R. Hudgeon and Mrs. H. Hoy; also with Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Hudgeon, and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hudgeon.

Messrs. C. E. Hudgeon, J. Corlett, and J. Cave were in Calgary on business last week.

Mr. and Mrs Joe Blair, and Miss Ilene, of Calgary, were week-end and holiday visitors with Mr and Mrs. Jno. Blair and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Adams.

THRESHING WELL AHEAD IN ALBERTA

Cutting is general and in some districts threshing operations are now well underway, according to the weekly crop report of the Canadian Pacific Railway issued Friday.

South of Calgary and east as far as Shaunavon, Sask., cutting operations are 80 per cent completed and threshing is approximately 35 per cent finished.

North of Calgary to Red Deer, cutting operations have been slower getting under way and only 30 per cent cutting has been completed with no threshing yet commenced. East on the Medicine Hat Division 70 per cent cutting has been completed and 80 per cent threshing.

From Coronation south, 45 to 95 per cent cutting is completed and the balance of the Edmonton division, east to Kerrobert, Sask., reports only ten to fifteen per cent cutting done.

Harvesting operations have been suspended for varying lengths of time on account of heavy rains at Hobbema, Bentely, Gadsby, St. Michael and Whitford.

Although in some districts the crops are below the average, good yields are reported at Duchess, Millicent, Brooks, Cassils, Dalemead, Torrington, Ile Win ton, Minaret, Bowden, Penhold, Sylvan Lake, Benalto, Eckville and Rocky Mountain House.

In other parts of the province weather is reported fine and warm, with occasional local showers.

Health Service of the Canadian Medical Association

VARICOSE VEINS

The blood is carried throughout the body by the arteries, and is brought back to the heart by the veins. The blood current in the veins is much more slow than it is in the arteries, and from the lower part of the body, the flow in the veins is uphill. For these reasons, it is not difficult to check or interfere with the flow in the veins, particularly those of the lower part of the body.

Varicose veins are enlarged veins Enlargement of the veins occurs when, for one reason or another, the flow of blood through the veins is sufficiently checked to cause the veins to become distended. If the distension is severe, or if it is repeated, the veins become permanently enlarged and lose their normal shape and condition

The legs and the rectum are the parts of the body where vericose veins are most commonly found. Constriction of the legs by tight garters may be responsible A tumour in the pelvis, a bowel that is overloaded as a result of constipation, or pregnancy may cause pressure on the veins in the pelvis and bring about enlargement of the veins.

Certain forms of heart disease, in which the flow of blood is not normal, may act as a cause of varicose veins. Again, if the tissue surrounding the veins is not healthy, the veins may not have proper support, and, as a result, they become distended.

Long standing, which causes the blood to stagnate in the lower part of the body, predisposes to the occurrence of varicose veins, as does also overweight, which calls for extra force to circulate the blood through the excessive amount of tissue.

In order to prevent varicose veins, normal weight should be maintained. The muscles of the body should, be regular exercise, be kept in good condition to support the veins. Those who are required to stand for long hours may be helped by lying down each evening and having their legs gently massaged from the feet to the hips.

Constipation is the most common cause of varicose veins of the rectum, which are called haemorrhoids or piles. Prevention of these lies in the avoidance of constipation through proper toilet habits, diet and exercise. Constipation cannot be corrected by cathartics; in fact, the cathartic habit is one of the most frequent causes of constipation, and so leads to hæmorrhoids.

It is much easier and more satisfactory to prevent varicose veins than it is to cure them. Once the condition has developed, relief may be secured through proper treatment, but in all cases, the cause of the condition must be removed or a relapse will occur.

Keep the muscles healthy and the weight normal, and avoid constipation if you would escape varicose veins.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answered personally by letter.

EVERY FARMER in Western Canada is now free to sell his grain on the open market. Thousands of former customers again look to United Grain Growers to handle their grain.

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS seeks the business of farmers on its long record of satisfactory service, on its financial strength, on its twenty-five years of successful experience in selling farmers' grain on the open market. The open market experience of this farmers' company, taking volume and length of service together, is quite unmatched in Western Canada.

Assure yourself of safety and good service by delivering your grain to a U.G.G. elevator or consigning it to United Grain Growers Limited.

466 Country Elevators

TERMINALS at Port Arthur and Vancouver

Export Offices at New York and Winnipeg

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD

Elevator at Delia

Fewer Marriages

According to a bulletin issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, births registered in July in 54 cities of Canada numbered 7,384; deaths, 3,627, and marriages 2,748, as compared with 7,748 births, 3,628 deaths and 3,174 marriages in July last year, a practically identical figure for deaths and reductions of 4 1-2 per cent and 13 per cent in births and marriages respectively.

For the seven months, January-July, births showed a decrease of 2 per cent, deaths 4 1-2 per cent and marriages 11 per cent from the corresponding seven months of 1930.

SAGO TEHONIATARAKAKOWA!

"Greetings, Chief Swiftest Rider Of Mighty Waters"



Honours have been heaped upon Captain R. G. "Jock" Latta, commander of the trans-Atlantic record liner Empress of Britain since his new 42,500 vessel regained the Blue Ribbon of the Atlantic for the British Empire by all classes of people but none have been more sincerely offered than the recent tribute of the Six Nations Indians.

Encamped at Loretteville, Quebec, where they are establishing a village in which the ancient arts of the redman are practiced, members of the Six Nations under the leadership of 81 year old Chief Wolverine recently honoured the Canadian Pacific Commodore by adopting him into the tribes and conferring chieftainship upon him as a tribute to his feats of seamanship with the big white "war-canoe." Meeting the Empress of Britain in their gaily decorated birch-bark canoes a score of braves and Squaws, led by Wolverine, Running Bull, American Horse and Princess White Eagle, danced their ceremonial dance on the Games Deck of the mighty liner, stood in reverent silence while the old Chief invoked the great spirits and rent the air with their whoops as Princess White Eagle and Chief Wolverine crowned the new chief with a war bonnet of eagle's feathers.

Photos show (left) Chiefs and braves in their canoes cluster round the big ship as she arrives, (right) The final ceremony, and the deer skin certificate of adoption.